THE ANTIOCH NEWS.

Pledged to The Republican Policy of Reciprocity and Protection to American Industries, as Formulated in The Repblican National Platform.

VOL. XV. ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS, THURSDAY, MAY 1, 1902. NO. 35.

PEOPLE YOU KNOW

WHAT THEY ARE DOING---WHERE THEY GO.

Interesting Items Gathered Here and There in Our Journeyings About Town.

ELGIN, ILL, April 28—Butter firm at 22c; offerings 24 tubs; sales at 22½c. Output for week, 624,000 lbs. Butter last week, 27c; last year, 18½c.

See "Shylock" at the opera house Friday night.

Mrs. Levi Simons is confined to her bed with an attack of rheumatism.

Laughable comedies at the opera house Friday night.

H. Nelson and W. G. Barnstable, of Lake Villa, were Antioch callers Friday.

Be sure and see Effie Hext at the opera house Friday night.

John Engman and Herman Radtke were transacting business in Chicago Tuesday.

Your money's worth in fun and amusement at the play Friday night.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Beak, of Tennessee, visited relatives in Antioch a few days last week.

"Laugh and grow fat," come to the opera house Friday night and have a good laugh.

Mrs. Nelt Pullen left yesterday for Waukegan where she will visit with relatives over Sunday.

L. K. Willett and wife were Chicago passengers Tuesday where they will remain a few days.

Claud Brogan has rented his saloon to John McMahan, of Lake Villa, who will take possession May 1.

Rev. and Mrs. Hny, of Lake Villa, attended the lecture at the M. E. church Friday evening.

Come and enjoy an evening of fun and humor Friday evening at the opera house, for the benefit of Antioch high school.

I am now prepared to bore tubular wells, 2 and 3 inch, on short notice. Prices reasonable. Address W. G. Hucker, Lake Villa, Ill. 32tf

The town of Rollins, with the exception of the postoffice, was entirely wiped out by the heavy wind storm which prevailed on Saturday.

Miss Maude Brogan, of Kenosha, is spending a forced vacation on account of sickness at the home of her mother this week.

The lecture at the M. E. church last Friday evening by Chas. P. Burton, on "The Bashful Man," was well patronized and well received.

Mr. Jack Rea and sister, well known to many of our readers, have just returned to their home at St. Paul, after having spent the winter in California.

Buy tickets, for play Friday night, of the children. A complete set of Shakespeare's works will be presented to the pupil selling the most tickets.

Miss Maude Jewett, of Chicago, came out Friday and is spending a week's vacation with Mrs. Ed. Cannon, and other Antioch relatives and friends.

For Sale or Rent—The Will Herman house, with barn, containing 3½ acres of land, situated on north Main street in Antioch. Inquire of Robert Selter, Grass Lake, Ill. 25tf

The Lyceum Players presenting scenes and acts from Shakespearian plays and bright, modern comedians will appear at the opera house, Antioch, on Friday night, May 2.

R. C. Higgins returned Saturday from Chicago where he has been for the past four weeks undergoing an operation for appendicitis, which was successful in every way.

The many friends of Mrs. L. M. Hughes will be glad to learn that she is very much improved in health for the past few days, and that she has been able to sit at the family table once more.

The prices of admission for the Lyceum Players on Friday night will be 15 and 25 cents, reserved seats 10 cents extra. Tickets for sale by pupils of the high school under whose auspices they appear.

Andrew F. Herman, and wife, who have been spending the winter in San Antonio, Texas, arrived here Saturday to attend the funeral of his mother, and they will probably remain here during the summer.

The appearance at the opera house on Friday night, May 2, of the Lyceum Players is an event of unusual interest. This company is one of established reputation, is composed of most capable actors, and autograph letters from Geneva Lake and other towns in this vicinity attest to the genuine merit of the performance.

Scenes from Shakespeare Friday night at the opera house.

George W. Glynn, of Fox Lake, was transacting business in Antioch Tuesday.

Attorney C. T. Heydecker, of Waukegan, was transacting legal business in Antioch Tuesday.

Mr. Will Herman, of North Dakota, attended the funeral of his mother at Grass Lake Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Harrison spent the latter part of last week in Waukegan visiting relatives and friends.

Divine services will be held at St. Peter's church next Sunday morning at 11 o'clock, Rev. Father Bruton, officiating.

To Loan—$2,000 on good real estate security at common interest. Address, Mrs. J. B. White, Antioch, Ill.

Last Friday being Arbor Day fitting and appropriate exercises were held in connection with the planting of trees by the pupils of our public school.

Just as we are going to press word has been received of the death of Allen Rogers, which occurred this Thursday morning at 4:00 o'clock of pneumonia. Obituary next week.

The Wisconsin Condensed Milk company will pay $1.20 per hundred for May milk, as against 85 cents for last year. The Borden Co. at Genoa Junction will pay 90 cents for May milk.

Morning worship at the Methodist church Sunday 10:30, subject, "The Wide Awake Christian." Sunday school at 11:45; Junior League at 3:00 p. m.; Epworth League at 6:45. Evening services at 7:30, subject, "The Divine Man."

Insure your life in the company that will pay you the largest profits on your investment. The New York Life leads all other companies in new business, as well as total insurance in force. It will pay you to investigate. W. T. Hill, agent.

The Ladies Aid society of the M. E. church will hold their regular meeting on Wednesday afternoon, May 7, in the basement of the church. Supper served from five until seven o'clock. A cordial invitation is extended to all. Nellie F. Zeigler, Secretary.

If you are in the market for a house and lot in or around Antioch, or wish a purchase a farm, borrow money or make a loan, or in quest of desirable lake front property, call and see me as I have some attractive bargains. J. J. Burke, real estate and loans, Antioch, Ill. 32tf

Services at the Christian church next Sunday are as fallows: Morning service at 10:30, subject, Love; Sunday school following; Junior League at 3:00 p. m.; Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:30 p. m.; evening services 7:30, diagram sermon, subject, The Five Kingdoms. J. E. Hargett, Pastor.

Get your piano tuned by a reliable tuner. Our Mr. Alden has had twenty years experience with all makes of pianos; was for three years expert tuner for Hallet & Davis company. Alden, Bidinger & Co., 209 Genesee street, Waukegan, Ill., dealers in pianos and everything in the musical line. 35tf

About thirty-five Rebekahs and Odd Fellows of this village attended the 83rd anniversary services at Grayslake, which were held on Sunday last in the Congregational church W. R. Humphrey, of Chicago, editor of the Illinois Odd Fellow, delivered the address and was assisted by the Rev. Stevens, pastor. Mr. Humphrey spoke upon Odd Fellowship—its teaching, what had been accomplished by the order, and of the old folks and orphans home nurses, buildings, etc. His remarks were entertaing and interesting. Quite a number from the Wauconda lodge were present. All report a pleasant day spent.

Senator Hanna Resumes Writing.

Senator Hanna has at last found time to write the third in the series of articles he has been contributing to the National under the title, "McKinley as I Knew Him." This paper, in which the Senator discusses McKinley's first days in the White House, will appear in the June National. The same number will contain an article on the shipping bill by Senator Frye of Maine, president pro tem. of the Senate. Senator Frye is the author of the bill and it's most ardent champion.

Ex-Secretary of Agriculture Dead.

J. Sterling Morton, Secretary of Agriculture under President Cleveland, and founder of Arbor Day, died at the home of his son, Mark Morton, at Lake Forest, Ill., Sunday afternoon at 4:30 o'clock. He had just rounded out his seventieth year. At the bedside were his three sons, Paul Morton, second vice president of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railway company, and Joy and Mark Morton, of Joy, Morton & Co., with their families.

CALLED TO REST

DEATH OF MRS. ANDREW HERMAN.

A Pioneer and One Who Was Beloved By all Who Knew Her Gone to Her Reward.

After a brief illness Mrs. Mary Ann Herman, wife of Andrew B. Herman, died at her home, Saturday, April 26, 1902. Mrs. Herman was an old and respected resident, loved by all who knew her. The funeral was held Monday afternoon at two o'clock at the residence, Rev. E. J. Aikin, officiating. He said in part:

To me has been assigned the honor and privilege of speaking at this service for this large family, and these many friends assembled, and if possible to voice something of the love and appreciation of the departed one. "Her children arise and call her blessed; her husband also, and he praiseth her"—Prov. 31:28.

On July 18, 1830, in Alsace, France, was born one whom they called Mary Ann Scholl. Alsace was a bit of historic land between the Rhine river and the Vosges mountains. For twenty-one years she lived here, and grew beautiful as the Rhine and strong as the mountains. Then she pushed out from her Fatherland across the stormy ocean to find a home in this land of freedom. After she had toiled here for half a century and raised a large family, again she pushed out across the dark, rising, swellings of Jordan, the river of death, to a "home not made with hands eternal in the heavens."

July 14, 1853, she was married to Andrew B. Herman, at Waukegan, Ill., where they lived for seven years. In 1860 they moved to Grass Lake and have lived there until the day of her death. To these sons and daughters home is gone. No! you say. Here is the same house, the same furniture, the same carpets; yes, but home is gone, for mother is not here. The heart is silent that for so many years has drawn these children to this spot. Never again can this heart feel the love that, like a great fountain, ever poured out itself in deeds of kindness, and acts of sacrifice for her loved ones; never again will these lips give welcome to you at the old home door, nevertheless, she being dead, yet speaketh through a long life of service. Her children arise and call her blessed.

Her home was her world, for this she lived, worked and sacrificed. Twelve children came to bless her home and twenty-three children call her grandma. I say these came to bless her home. A dozen children would be called a burden today, but Grandma Herman never thought them so. What the world needs is one hundred thousand old-fashioned mothers who think the highest institutions on earth is the home. What a work to bring up so large a family! She couldn't leave them to the hired help. She was the hired help, only she did not draw pay. There was the sewing, mending, knitting, washing, ironing and cooking. She was doctor, nurse, housewife, seamstress and cook all in one. No wonder she never got rested. Her rocker was the cradle that must be kept rocking, while her hands performed their tasks.

There was no drug store at the end of the telephone line. All the drug store she knew of was in the garret, where she kept her pennyroyal and catnip expected to cure everything, and it usually did when administered by her loving hand. But perhaps it was the hand more than the herb that cured our ills. We praise the general who wins a successful battle of a day, but Grandma Herman fought for fifty years against mighty odds, where she had to be general, sergeon, sentinal, quartermaster and cook, besides equipping the whole army. But she won the battle leading her army of twelve to successful manhood and womanhood with the loss of but one. O what a task! Fifty years of leading, nursing, watching and providing. No wonder she said on Thursday when I visited her: "I wish my God would take me home. I am not afraid to die." If there is an easy seat in heaven I think it ought to be reserved for these tired mothers. There they will need no glasses, for they have their second sight. There they will not be short of breath as they climb the golden stairs, here they grow short of breath for their lungs were being prepared for the air of heaven.

Where has Grandma Herman gone? In one sense she has not gone, but is living in this community, and in these sons and daughters. Most of you resemble mother and as you get older you look more like her. In characters you are like your mother unless you have stiffled that inner voice. Would that you were all your mother believed you to be. No wonder these mothers get tired and want to go home. I can see one of them who has reached three score years and ten, or perhaps four score years. She sits in the old home alone with father. All the children are out in the world, or gone on before. I see the aged couple as they take down the old family bible, and father reads with halting voice the story of the new Jerusalem with its twelve gates of pearl, which is not shut at all by day, for there is no night there. Then they kneel down on the carpet made of rags and pray for the absent children, and that God may keep them faithful a little longer. Mother has some little chores to do and father goes to bed. After the chores are done, mother sits down a few moments to rest, and while she sits there she thinks of the past. She whispers the names of her children, and thinks of the one in heaven. First a smile passes over her face and then a tear and often the tear catches the smile. O how the scenes come back to her. She thinks of the time when all the children were at home, and when she turned the key in the door she knew where they all were. Then she thinks of that little grave in the family lot with it's marble slab! "He carries the lambs in his bosom." She remembers how the children married one by one, and went out into the world. At last she kneels down to once more talk with God, and falls asleep. Way along in the night father awakens and calls for mother, but there is no answer. In the dim light he sees her kneeling at the chair. He arises and turns up the light it falls full on mother's face. Father never saw her look like that before. Her face is transfigured by a heavenly smile for she has seen the "King in his beauty." The children came home to lay mother away, calling her blessed and father praised her.

"That life-work, stretching o'er long years,
A varied web has been;
With silver strands by sorrow wrought,
And Sunny gleams between.

These silver hairs stole slowly on,
Like flakes of falling snow,
That wrap the green earth lovingly
When autumn breezes blow.

Each silver hair, each wrinkle there,
Record some good deed done;
Some flower she cast along the way,
Some spark from love's bright sun.

How bright she always made home;
It seemed as the floor
Was always flecked with spots of sun
And barred with brightness o'er.

O, gently fold the weary hands
That toiled so long and well;
The spirit rose to angel bands
When off earth's mantle fell."

Card of Thanks.

We wish to extend our sincere thanks to the many friends and neighbors who so kindly rendered services appreciated by us in the sickness and death of our devoted wife and mother, and for the many beautiful floral tokens, and especially would we extend thanks to the choir, and minister and to all who so kindly remembered us in our sad affliction.

A. B. HERMAN
AND FAMILY.

RESOLUTIONS OF RESPECT.

At a meeting of Lakeside Rebekah Lodge No. 82, held April 18, 1902, the undersigned committee were appointed to draft resolutions of respect upon the death of James R. Miller, who died at his home in Springfield, Ill., Wednesday April 16, 1902.

Whereas; It is with a feeling of sadness that Lakeside Rebekah Lodge, No. 82, of Antioch has, at this meeting, learned of the sudden death of Brother Jas. R. Miller, Grand Secretary of the State of Illinois, who has been identified with the Independent Order Odd Fellows and Rebekahs for many years, and

Whereas; It has pleased our Heavenly Father in his infinite wisdom to enter the ranks of our order and summons our worthy Brother, James R. Miller, whose good name and deeds will ever be remembered, Therefore be it

Resolved; That in the death of our beloved Brother, Lakeside Rebekah Lodge has lost an honorable, upright member, whose labors were full of charities; that we have lost a wise counselor a "Grand Secretary" of sterling integrity and unfailing fidelity, courageous and progressive whose noble work has been well done.

Resolved; That Lakeside Rebekah lodge, No. 82, extend to the family and relatives of the deceased our tenderest sympathy in their recent bereavement; that our charter be draped in mourning for a period of 30 days; that a copy of these resolutions be spread upon the minutes and a copy sent to the family of deceased, also published in The Antioch News.

Mrs. N. Pullen,
Mrs. G. Blanchard,
Mrs. N. S. Burnett.

He Is Not Dead.

His labors are ore, he's gone to rest;
We shed our tears, God knows what's best;
He rests supreme from earth's cold storm;
Nor has to dream of coming harm;
His house of clay we put away;
His spirit, saved by one who gave
His life to man, that we by faith
Shall live again.
Over the great divide, over the Jasper sea,
His faith hath made him whole;
He hath believed in thee;
Our hearts with anguish break,
Our tears they flow like rain,
But the voice that reaches us
Says he shall live again.
He heeded the gentle voice,
Nor had no greater desire
Than to hear the great command
Of the Great Grandsire:
Your work was well and wisely done,
Come up higher. MARGARET E. PULLEN.

BIG BAR LETTER

INTERESTING COMMUNICATION FROM OUR BOYS

Dangers that Meet the Travelers in that Far Away Mountaineous and Windy Country.

BIG BAR, B. C., April 18, 1902.

To the Editor and Friends:—

After a weeks stay at Ashcroft we were finally confronted by Mr. Gore, who immediately made arrangements to convey us to his place of mining, which is seventy-five miles from Ashcroft. The way of traveling is very different than what we have at home for the simple reason that there are more hills and mountains in British Columbia than in Illinois. But nevertheless after the usual bustle and hustle that accompany such trips, we were on our way to work. In front of us, in back of us and on top of us was our baggage tied on by means of ropes and covered with a canvass. Our stage party was made up of ten, including the driver, who was a big strapping sort of a man and who could handle two teams on the mountain side better than any other at Ashcroft. He was chosen because the road to be traveled was one the stage drivers all dreaded, for if an accident should happen to the stage it meant a good deal to the driver. He would be branded as a poor driver and would probably never be sent out again. After traveling from Saturday morning untill Monday noon and after stopping at Clinton and the Mountain House, on the way, we were finally landed at the mining camp of the Chicago National Mine Developing company at the junction where the Big Bar creek flows into the Frazer river.

The road that we traveled was very dangerous in places, for the snow and ice was so thick on the mountains that we were compelled to get out and walk. We were not surrounded by snow until on the second day of our ride, but by night we had passed it all. To give you an idea of some places would be very difficult, but to show you what people would do to be sure, your attention must be turned toward George, and he wasn't the only one, who got out and walked about twelve miles to be safe. After traveling this way all day we finally came to the Mountain House, where we stayed all night. When morning came we were ready for the last day of our journey. The night was well spent for those who slept in beds but for those who were on the floor it was very hard. We slept on blankets about a quarter of an inch thick and that was all, but for covering we had the other end of the same blanket. We saw a little game along the road but were unable to get it. The rabbit is very scarce about Big Bar, also the grouse at present but the deer roam very freely across the river from our camp. On the evening of April 1 at 8 o'clock we could be seen skinning a deer that was shot the same day. The only birds to be found at hand and always willing to help themselves are the magpie, the crow and the bush-thrush. The magpie is a very odd bird for the reason of it's color, black and white, and its shyness when any one is out doors. It is also a very pretty bird when flying. The green growth around the cabin is some grass, a few wild rose bushes and a great quantity of wild sage bushes. There are two kinds of willows the red and the yellow, but as for other trees, except the evergreen, they are very scarce. The water is good and cool and is gotten from the Big Bar Creek. Fishing time hasn't started as yet, but will begin about June. We see geese nearly every day flying along the Frazer river.

The working of gold washing has not yet begun but we expect to start soon. From the time of our arrival to now our work has been mostly of a getting ready order. Gold washing will soon begin and that will be entirely different. Some work isn't as pleasant as may be, but such is expected any where. After looking the flume or water boxes all over we next put the pipes together. But before we could use the pipes we had to build a new pressure box in order to have force to wash away the dirt. Everything went along nicely until one day one of the boys dropped a scoop shovel into the pressure box, the force was so strong that it carried the shovel down the pipe about 1800 feet when it finally lodged. As the water was unable to go farther we were compelled to shut it off and take the pipe apart in order to mend the pipe. The time occupied was but a little while but there was no telling what might have happened if the shovel was to remain in the pipe.

By the next writing I hope I may give you a clearer picture as to how gold mining is carried on. At present we are all well and happy, and enjoy the country and the change of climate quite well. The wind is the only disagreeable feature about the conditions that exist here. Closing for this time we remain.

Yours truly,
WALTER A. TAYLOR.

The Best Job Printing can be had at THE NEWS office, Antioch, Ill.

LYON CHOICE OF CONVENTION

The Antioch Caucus a Tame Affair---Resolutions Offered and Unanimously Adopted.

The caucus Friday was a tame affair and drew out a small vote, there being no opposition to the following ticket which was not instructed:

A. N. Tiffany, A. T. White, G. E. Webb, L. B. Grice, D. A. Williams, J. B. Burnett, J. J. Burke, H. D. Hughes, F. E. Fenderson, J. A. Thain, J. A. Strang, E. C. Sabin, C. M. Confer, W. G. Barnstable, H. Bock.

H. Bock was chairman of the caucus and C. M. Confer secretary. The following resolution was offered by J. J. Burke and unanimously adopted:

The republican electors, of the town of Antioch, in caucus assembled, pledge anew our fealty to the principals of the party of Lincoln, Grant and McKinley, and the other illustrious chieftians of the republican party who are numbered with the great majority of the other shore.

We commend the wise statesmanship and loyalty of purpose of President Roosevelt and express satisfaction with his administration and confidence in his wise leadership.

We regret that differences of opinion should have arisen in the administration of state affairs, but rely in the judgment and honesty of Governor Yates.

We recognize in our Congressman, Hon. George Edmund Foss, superior ability as a party leader in this Congressional district and are pround of his distinction and the wise and honorable record he has made. We heartily commend him for his loyalty and friendship to the old soldiers and pledge him our friendship and most cordial support.

In the choice of a legislative candidate we leave our delegates to the County Convention free and untrameled, relying in the patriotism and loyalty to do that which shall redound to the greatest good to the republican party and the local issues in which we are interested.

The convention at Libertyville Saturday which resulted in the nomination of Hon. G. R. Lyon for re-election to the Illinois General Assembly, was one of the liveliest held for years, there being an added interest in there being a more than usual number of candidates for the legislature. Some heat was engendered by contesting delegations, but all was settled into working order.

The convention was called to order by R. D. Wynn, secretary of the republican county committeee. Schuyler Coe, of Highland Park, was elected temporary chairman and Mr. Ellis Sabin, of Antioch, secretary.

After the usual routine work, the convention proceeded to ballot, and upon the seventh ballot being announced, Lyons received 93, Montgomery 48, Mason 28, and Stearns 24 votes, Lyon being declared elected.

Hopkins Endorsed For Senator.

The Senatorial convention of the Eighth District, comprising Boon, McHenry and Lake counties, was held at McHenry Monday, there being fifty five delegates present. Resolutions were adopted indorsing the candidacy of A. J. Hopkins for United States Senator and the administrations of President Roosevelt and Governor Yates. R. W. Wright, of Woodstock was elected chairman and Elam Clarke, of Waukegan, secretary.

Judge Charles H. Donnelly introduced a resolution tying up the convention to be for Congressman Hopkins at any and all times, and instructing the members to vote as Hopkins desired in the organization of the house, and instructing Fuller to vote as Hopkins desired in the organization of the Senate.

Upon the first vote Lake county, which, while it had gone uninstructed was supposed to be for Mason, hesitated, but later cast an unanimous vote for the resolution endorsing Hopkins. Boon voted it's nine votes for the resolution, McHenry twenty-one and Lake twenty-one.

E. D. Shurtleff, of McHenry and G. R. Lyon of Waukegan, were chosen as representatives from this district.

For County Treasurer.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of County Treasurer of Lake county, subject to the will of the Republican County Convention, and solicit the support of my friends. L. C. PRICE.

Wauconda, Feb. 20, 1902.

LOCAL MARKET REPORT.

Oats	40c
Corn—70 lbs. ear	55c
Hay	$6 00 @ $10 00
MILL FEED.	
Bran	$17 00
Middlings	19 00
Gluton	20 00
Oil Meal, per 100 lbs.	1 65
Chicken Feed Wheat	1 20
HOGS.	
Hogs—Live weight	$6 00
Hogs—Dressed	7 00
POULTRY.	
Turkeys	9c
Ducks	8c
Geese	8c
Chickens—Live weight	9c

The Antioch News.

A. B. JOHNSON, Publisher.

ANTIOCH, - - - ILLINOIS.

SUMMARY OF NEWS.

The 1,700 employes of the Singer Sewing Machine Company returned to work at South Bend, but because of the disorganized state of affairs Manager Pine put only 800 men to work. The Singer company did not concede a point to the strikers.

Forty students of Baker University at Baldwin, Kan., have been suspended for breaking into the gymnasium during a basket ball game between the two girls' teams of the college. The officials say the offenders can be reinstated only on petition to the faculty.

Count Zeppelin, the aeronaut, has been ruined financially by his experiments with airships. He is unable to obtain any further support in Germany for his projects and he is breaking up the old frameworks of his airships. He has sold five tons of aluminum.

Prof. George M. Howells of Washington says the explosions at Robinson, Kan., were caused by a meteor, which buried itself in the ground and obstructed some undergrouud stream. This caused the spring to appear, and might also account for the warmth of the water.

Dawson telegrams state that orders have been received there from Ottawa directing that the royalty on gold be abolished and an export tax imposed instead. This means the retention in the Yukon territory of the gold dust now in circulation and that resulting from the present clean-up.

A deal has been completed between John Soullin, president of the Wiggins Ferry Company at St. Louis, and Festus J. Wade, president of the Mercantile Trust Company, whereby the business and property of the Wiggins Ferry Company passes into the hands of another owner, whose name is not made public. The consideration is $5,000,000.

The Venture Company of London has bought the Camp Bird gold mine at Ouray, Colo., for $5,500,000. The company bought Stratton's Independence mine at Cripple Creek three years ago for $10,000,000. Three experts, including John Hays Hammond, recently examined the Camp Bird mine thoroughly, and Hammond is now in London, where he has gone to turn over the property.

More than 3,500 rebels on the island of Samar have surrendered and given up their arms to the American authorities. Chief of the capitulating forces is Guevarro, who succeeded Gen. Lukban last February as the commander of the entire insurgent forces of the island. Gen. Guevarro, together with forty officers, 189 men and 161 rifles, is now in custody of Gen. Frederick Dent Grant on an American gunboat at the mouth of the Gandara river, west coast of the island.

Following is the standing of the clubs of the National Baseball League:

	W.	L.		W.	L.
Pittsburg ...	7	2	Boston	5	6
Chicago	6	3	Brooklyn	5	6
Philadelphia.	6	4	Cincinnati ...	3	7
New York...	5	5	St. Louis....	2	6

The clubs of the American League stand as follows:

	W.	L.		W.	L.
Detroit	2	1	Cleveland ...	3	3
Washington..	3	2	Philadelphia..	2	2
Chicago	2	2	Baltimore ...	2	3
Boston	3	3	St. Louis....	2	3

NEWS NUGGETS.

Sol Smith Russell, America's greatest comedian, died at Washington of alovia paraplegia.

Seven persons were killed and forty injured in cyclone that nearly destroyed the town of Glen Rose, Texas.

New plant to cost $3,000,000 and give employment to 5,000 men is to be built in Chicago by the American Bridge Company.

The Franklin mill of the Sterling Paper Company burned at Hamilton, Ohio, causing $150,000 loss, with $75,000 insurance.

At Winside, Neb., Mrs. Katie Dimmell, divorced wife of John Dimmell, killed her small child and committed suicide by hanging.

M. Widdekind of Pocatello, Idaho, was elected president by the National Embalmers' Association, which closed its convention at St. Louis.

The petition of a lecture bureau for an injunction to restrain Miss Ellen M. Stone from lecturing was denied by Judge Richardson in Boston.

William Rogers, aged 72, shot and killed his granddaughter, Miss Mary Awfield, aged 30, and committed suicide by shooting, near Butler, Tenn.

A Grand Trunk passenger train was wrecked near Valparaiso, Ind., by two freight cars blown on the track. Two of the train crew are missing.

Gov. Ezra P. Savage of Nebraska resigns from the candidacy for renomination as a result of criticism of his action in pardoning former State Treasurer Bartley.

The wife of Lee Gallaher, receiving teller of the First National Bank of St. Joseph, Mo., who has confessed to having stolen $26,000, died from grief over his troubles.

Ambassador White reports Emperor William of Germany as saying in reference to the Monroe doctrine: "I have no intention of acquiring even the smallest island in the western hemisphere."

C. E. Borchgrevink, the antarctic explorer, has made formal application at Washington to become an American citizen. Mr. Borchgrevink will be a rover for some years, but the United States will be his home.

Mrs. R. Worthington of Chicago, whose husband is a race horse man, and Mrs. G. D. Byles of Memphis were badly burned and the former is not expected to recover. Mrs. Worthington was boarding with Mrs. Byles. They were preparing a meal on a coal oil stove, when an explosion followed, igniting their clothing.

Simon Shamoniski, a Hebrew sentenced to the Onondaga County jail at Syracuse, N. Y., for fifteen days, was released on appeal to County Judge Ross, on the ground that he could not live on the jail diet during the passover season.

EASTERN.

The torpedo boat destroyer Hopkins was launched at Wilmington, Del.

The Catholic University at Washington is in financial straits and has discharged a number of its professors.

Mrs. Alice H. Putnam of Chicago was chosen president by the International Kindergarten Union convention at Boston.

The schooner Barklow, from Marine City, foundered in Lake Erie, half a mile from Put-in-Bay, and three persons lost their lives.

Dr. Edward H. Magill, for many years president of Swarthmore College, and Mrs. Sarah E. Gardner were married in New York in accordance with Quaker customs.

Explosion of acids on vessel being loaded at Shadyside, N. J., released enormous cloud of fumes, which passed over New York, frightening timid women and children.

Samuel Andrews, who was a partner of John D. Rockefeller in the early days of the Standard Oil Company, was seriously hurt in a runaway accident near Lakewood, N. J.

The body of James V. P. Turner, a well-known lawyer of Philadelphia, who disappeared, was found in Fairmount Park. Death is thought to have been due to hemorrhage.

Fire at Marienville, Pa., consumed 150 buildings and caused a loss of nearly $300,000, with not over $75,000 insurance. About half of the town is in ashes and about 500 people are homeless.

The steamboat Elko was burned to the water's edge in the Delaware and Raritan canal, just below Trenton, N. J. The boat carried freight between Philadelphia and New York. The loss is estimated at $50,000.

At Glens Falls, N. Y., fire caused a property loss estimated at over $500,000. It started in the clothing store of Webb Brothers, and from thence spread to the large plant of the Joseph Fowler Shirt and Collar Company.

Financiers in Wall street were stirred Tuesday by the prospect of a $50,000,000 national bank. Directors of the National City Bank considered tentatively a proposition to increase its capital above the $10,000,000 mark.

John Wanamaker, charged with selling poison contrary to law, was acquitted in Philadelphia of the charge by Magistrate Stratton, who said the accused was guilty of a technical violation, but did his best to repair the fault.

Plans which are being prepared by the yards and docks department of the navy indicate that one of the largest dry docks in the United States will be built at the Brooklyn navy yard. It will cost about $1,000,000 and will be built entirely of concrete.

While fishing in a quarry hole twenty feet deep at Lansdale, Pa., two small boys pulled ashore the body of the 16-year-old daughter of Albert Rosenberger. The girl had been missing from her home since last November. The parents believe she was murdered.

While lying in Newtown creek, near the Manhattan avenue bridge, in Greenpoint, New York, the tugboat Thomas Percival was destroyed by an explosion. Three of the crew—an engineer and two firemen—are missing. Edward Moran, a watchman, was found in the debris. He was fatally hurt.

Yale University will receive the residuary estate of Edward Wells Southworth and also the reversionary interest in a bequest of $15,000 made to a relative of the testator for life, according to the terms of Southworth's will. The personal property is estimated at $200,000 and the realty at $30,000.

Forest fires in the immediate vicinity of Oil City, Pa., have entailed a loss of $30,000 upon Venango County oil producers, many tanks and derricks being burned. Reports from Forest County show that the fire is doing much damage in the virgin forest near Tionesta. The big saw and lumber mill at Gilfoyle, near there, was destroyed.

William McCarty, 12 years old, lost his life at Portchester, Conn., while trying to save his blind father in the belief that he was in danger. The boy was playing with some companions, when he saw his father walking near the railroad and an express train approaching. He started across the tracks to save him and was struck by the train.

Constable Rhoades arrested Michael Grosscup at his home at Stowe, Pa., on a charge of assault. Grosscup went upstairs ostensibly to change his clothing, but sprang through a window and ran away. The constable, who weighs 200 pounds, attempted to follow his prisoner through the window and became wedged fast. It was necessary for a carpenter to cut the frame away to release Rhoades.

United States Senator Money used a knife in resisting the attempt of a Washington street railroad conductor to eject him from a car. Senator Money, while en route to the Capitol, changed cars at the Peace monument in Pennsylvania avenue. When he boarded a car that would carry him up the hill to the Senate wing of the Capitol a demand was made by the conductor for his fare. Senator Money said he had not been given a transfer and he refused to pay. The conductor after a few words attempted, with the aid of another man, to eject the statesman. Money cut the conductor in the hand with a penknife. He was not arrested because he was on the way to the Senate, and was, therefore, under the protection of the Constitution from interference by law officers. The conductor's wound is not serious.

WESTERN.

Sarcoxie, Mo., was completely swept by fire. Fifteen business houses burned. Loss $100,000.

A resolution providing for sine die adjournment May 5 has been adopted by the Ohio House of Representatives.

J. Sterling Morton, former Secretary of Agriculture, died at the residence of his son, Mark Morton, at Lake Forest, Ill.

St. Paul Prohibitionists won their fight and the name of John Henry Fitz will go the official ballot as the party's candidate for Mayor.

Deck hands and firemen on tugs in the harbor went out on strike with men of Toledo, Buffalo and Cleveland to compel concession to Duluth union.

Gov. Jefferson Davis of Arkansas denied charges of drunkenness made against him by Baptists, and asked Little Rock church to try him.

Custar, Ohio, an oil town of 500 inhabitants, was totally destroyed by fire. A high wind was blowing, which prevented any possible chance of saving the town. The loss, which will exceed $40,000, includes nine stores and scores of dwellings.

The safe in the Van Buren County court house at Clinton, Ark., was blown open and about $6,000 stolen. No clew to the robbers has been found.

Postoffice Inspector Stuart unearthed a plant for manufacturing postal cards in Chicago, arrested the proprietor, Louis Smith, and confiscated his plant.

The Ohio House adopted the Senate resolution providing for submission to the people in 1903 of an amendment giving veto power to the Governor.

John Calhoun of Kansas City, Kan., was shot and fatally wounded by his 21-year-old son, who interfered to protect a sister from attack by the father.

Mayor-elect Charles C. Klein of Ulrichsville, Ohio, who disappeared recently, has been found at Zanesville, and says he wished to escape holding office.

General offices of the Lake Shore road are to be removed to Chicago, and the new Lake Shore-Rock Island depot will consist of twelve instead of eight stories.

The safe of the Elkhorn railroad station at Harvard, Neb., was blown open with dynamite and its contents stolen by robbers. No clew to the robbers has been found.

Mrs. J. M. Graham of Clifton, Kan., while being taken to the State insane asylum jumped from a Rock Island passenger train going at full speed, and was instantly killed.

John McMillan, farmer, of Mabel, Minn., lost $30,000 worth of property as a result of 14-year-old son's experiments in friction, latter causing blaze by rubbing corn stalks together.

Idaville, Ind., was almost wiped out by fire Wednesday. The loss is about $50,000, with $8,000 insurance. The town is without fire protection. Fifteen business firms were burned out.

The town of Herkimer, Kan., was almost entirely destroyed by fire. The place had a population of about 500. The origin of the fire is unknown. The property loss is estimated at $100,000.

Severe windstorms in several States in the Missouri valley caused loss of life and destruction of property. Three were killed at Joplin, Mo., and five fatally injured. Omaha reported one fatality.

Because she feared punishment at school Frances Rigby, aged 12 years, daughter of R. M. Rigby, president of the Rigby Printing Company of Kansas City, committed suicide by taking carbolic acid.

Preparatory steps are being taken in East Liverpool, Ohio, for the formation of a gigantic pottery combination to include all the pottery plants west of the Alleghany mountains and to be capitalized at several millions of dollars.

Forest fires have been raging in the mountains in the Gallinas Canyon above the Las Vegas Hot Springs, New Mexico. Great damage is being done, and it is feared that houses of ranchers in the canyon will be swept away by the flames.

Martin Lynch, who was arrested a few days ago, charged with the murder of his wife, committed suicide in his cell at the county jail in Cleveland by hanging himself from the doorknob, which was not more than three feet from the floor.

Burglars broke into the wood and feed store of Brand & Wubben in St. Paul, cracked the safe, stole checks and valuables and then set fire to the building, which was consumed, causing a loss of $700 and almost effacing the evidences of the burglary.

Attorney General Knox has commanded United States District Attorney Sol Bethea to bring suit in the United States Circuit Court at Chicago to enjoin the packers who constitute the so-called beef trust from continuing their alleged combination in restraint of trade.

Reports of a fabulous find of gold at Sand Creek, Mont., were received. A man named Meyer shipped to Butte samples of ore for assay that go from $51 to $28,000 to the ton. The extent of the strike has not been ascertained, but Meyer says he has an abundance of ore.

A fire that originated in the office of Dr. John Hunter destroyed half a dozen residences and small stores at Wigsville, Ohio, entailing a loss of $25,000. The insurance is said to be small. The village had no fire protection. The postoffice and the mail therein was destroyed.

Peter Fafinski, a grocer at 46 Bradley street, Chicago, was shot and instantly killed by two men who were attempting to rob his store. Julius Fafinski, his son, was also shot and badly wounded, one bullet striking him in the right side, and another in his left leg just above the knee.

Frank Nicolli, an Italian miner, shot and killed Mrs. Stockder, wife of Moritz Stockder, superintendent of the Hidden Treasure mine at Lake City, Colo., and then blew out his own brains. Nicolli was formerly an employe of the mine and it is said he blamed Mrs. Stockder for his discharge.

Fremont, Iowa, was visited by a fire which destroyed three-fourths of the business part of the town. The loss will reach $35,000, with insurance of about $15,000. The fire is thought to have been of incendiary origin. All the west side of Main street, excepting two buildings, was destroyed.

Plans have been made by the South Chicago Furnace Company for the erection of a steel mill to cost $2,000,000 on the company's ground on the Calumet river, in connection with its present large plant. The new mill will give employment to 2,000 men and be one of the best equipped of its kind in the country.

The strike on the street railway system of the United Railroads of San Francisco has been officially declared off. Victory rests with the employes, who are conceded all their principal demands. The United Railroads have granted an advance in wages, a ten-hour day and in a measure recognized the Carmen's union.

Trouble which has been brewing in western Kansas for several months has reached the stage of war, in which Frank Rockefeller, the Standard Oil magnate, is fighting Chauncey Dewey, the Chicago capitalist. The start was the refusal of farmers to allow cattlemen to use their pastures, but the ranchmen have encroached until it is said the farmers are almost afraid to sow their crops. Dewey is backed by all the ranchmen and cowboys and Rockefeller has the farmers with him. The other day a band of farmers drove Dewey's cowboys off, and it is said many of the farmers have purchased arms and ammunition. State militia may go to the scene.

The farmers of Kansas intend to throttle the grain trust and will fix their own prices on wheat and corn. The plan is for each farmer to list his crops with the secretary of the association, who will thereby be better qualified to name a price for which the products will be sold because he will have a monopoly of the entire crop.

As the night shift went to work the other evening in the tunnel of the Canadian Power Company at Niagara Falls, discovery was made of an attempt to wreck the tunnel and kill the men, thirty in number, working 160 feet below the surface of the earth. This was to be accomplished with a stick of dynamite and an infernal machine.

Cruel and inhuman treatment will be the plea of Thomas Foley of English, Ind., for divorce. His wife admits that she tied his hands and feet while he was drunk and applied salt to his hands, face and clothing, that the cattle in the field where he lay helpless might lick him to death, as a revenge for a beating she received during a drunken orgy. Foley's skin was raw in many places and his clothing in shreds.

A gale which swept Milwaukee struck the Milwaukee and St. Paul shops at West Milwaukee and caused damage which represents a loss of $2,500. The destruction of the steaming building and the demolished roof of the pattern and cabinetmakers' shop were evidences that the storm was of cyclonic force. Thomas Rodeman was blown from a platform in the Elmore coal yard and probably fatally injured. He sustained a fracture of the skull.

Exposition authorities and a committee of aerostatic experts have agreed upon general rules to govern the airship races at the St. Louis exposition. It was decided definitely that the $200,000 appropriated for the contest by the board of directors of the exposition should be divided as follows: One hundred thousand dollars for a grand capital prize, $50,000 to be divided into a number of subsidiary prizes, $50,000 devoted to the conduct of the competition and the payment of its expenses.

Twenty masked men went to the home of Finley Stretchberry, six miles west of Nashville, Ind., and broke in the door. Stretchberry fired one charge from his double-barreled shotgun into a shoulder of one of the gang. The White Caps then seized Stretchberry's wife and beat the husband with revolvers and clubs until he fell to the ground. Stretchberry's hands were then tied and he was dragged to a wood near by and tied and whipped until blood flowed down his back. Afterward he was tied to a fence post and left. Meantime his wife, who had been freed, summoned neighbors. Stretchberry was taken home and doctors sent for. This was the second attack by White Caps within forty-eight hours. The first victim was William Caldwell. Both he and Stretchberry may die.

SOUTHERN.

Miss Catherine Maude Rice, a pretty girl, laughed herself to death at Louisville, Ky. The physicians in charge said lesion of the brain was produced by her laughter.

At Frankfort, Ky., the case of Berry Howard, alleged principal in the Goebel assassination case, was given to the jury at 10:15 Friday, and at 12:10 the jury brought in a verdict of not guilty.

The steamer Sunrise burned to the water's edge at her wharf in New Orleans. The fire spread rapidly and some of the passengers and crew narrowly escaped, but all were saved. The boat carried considerable freight, which was badly damaged. The Sunrise was valued at $25,000.

FOREIGN.

Fifty persons were injured in an accident on the Great Eastern Railway, near Hackney Downs station, London.

Possibility of long and widespread fight as outcome of war on the Moros in Mindanao caused the President to direct Gen. Chaffee to exhaust diplomatic means of settlement before opening hostilities.

Lieut. Col. Frank D. Baldwin, who is operating against the Moros on the Island of Mindanao, telegraphs that the capture of Sultan Pualo's fort has had a most salutary effect. The duttos are submitting.

Q. W. Little, editor of the North China Daily News, in an interview given at Victoria, B. C., says war between Japan and Russia is considered inevitable, not only by the Japanese but also by the Russians and all residents on the Siberian coast.

IN GENERAL.

President Roosevelt has official communication sent to Gen. Funston expressing the wish that he stop talking publicly on the Philippines.

Carl Dallman, serving life sentence at Kingston, Ont., for attempting to blow up the Welland canal locks, denies that he is Luke Dillon, brother of John Dillon, the Irish agitator.

Capt. Charles E. Clark has declined the appointment of special naval representative at the coronation of King Edward, and the President has named Rear Admiral Watson for that mission.

President-elect Palma of Cuba, after conference with revolutionary generals, decided to postpone payment of soldiers' claims till farmers have been helped to resume. Invalid soldiers will be cared for.

At Hull, Que., the house and stable of Thomas Hill caught fire, presumably through a stroke of lightning, and Hill, his wife and three children and John Watson, a hired man, were burned to death.

A pitiable story of suffering and death from exposure in Alaska comes from the colony of prospectors in Koshokim bay. Two Seattle men died as a result of the awful cold and a third has slight chances of recovery.

Thorough inquiry into conditions in meat industry shows that cattle shortage is slight; that tariff and combinations with railroads for rebates enable big packers to keep up prices in spite of satisfactory range conditions.

Overeducation.

Fond Mother—Oh, I am so glad you came in! I don't know what on earth ails the baby.

Caller—Shall I run for the doctor?

Fond Mother—No, for an interpreter. His French nurse left hurriedly to-day, and nobody can understand what he says.—London Mail.

How Cheap Baking Powder Is Made.

The Health Department of New York has seized a quantity of so-called cheap baking powder, which it found in that city. Attention was attracted to it by the low price at which it was being sold in the department stores. Samples were taken and the chemist of the Health Department reported the stuff to be composed chiefly of alum and pulverized rock.

The powder was declared to be dangerous to health, and several thousand pounds were carted to the offal dock and destroyed.

It is unsafe to experiment with these so-called "cheap" articles of food. They are sure to be made from alum, rock, or other injurious matter. In baking powders, the high class, cream of tartar brands are the most economical, because they go farther in use and are healthful beyond question.

In Westminster Cathedral.

Westminster Cathedral, the basilica which Cardinal Vaughan is building, has come into possession of the "Duppiin carvings" bought for it from the Earl of Kinnoul. There are fifty-four superb cathedral stalls, which were originally in the monastery of St. Urban, near Lucerne. They were sold at the suppression of the monastery, and forty years ago came into the hands of the Earl of Kinnoul. The Swiss government tried to obtain them for its National Museum.

Impoverished Blood,

Whether due to inheritance or caused by a depleted condition of the system, is the cause of much agony.

Vogeler's Curative Compound, when taken for this trouble is a means of salvation. It creates new fresh tissues and pure red blood corpuscles and by giving strength and tone to the great vital energies of the body, it enables them to perform their natural functions. The reader should not lose sight of the fact that Vogeler's Curative Compound is made from the formula of one of the most eminent physicians.

Send at once to St. Jacobs Oil, Ltd., Baltimore, for a free sample bottle.

MRS. MARY SHORTLEY, 26 Court, Gosport Street, Coventry, writes:—"Several years ago I met with an accident through a fall, hurting my hand so badly that I was unable to use the same for five weeks. I tried everything I knew of but did not receive any benefit. Finally, as a last resource, I applied St. Jacobs Oil and after using the first bottle I could move my fingers, after the second bottle I could open my hand and finally I regained the use of my hand and all pain left me. It was only by the use of St. Jacobs Oil that I am now able to follow my employment."

The Wrong Ticket.

Conductor (on Atlantic City train, looking at ticket)—Sorry, sir, but we don't stop at that place.

Cholly de Broke—What place?

Conductor (handing back ticket)—Eickstein's, the pawnbroker.

Lane's Family Medicine

Moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Acts gently on the liver and kidneys. Cures sick headache. Price 25 and 50c.

His Idea.

Teacher—Tell me, Bobby, what are the two things necessary for a baptism?

Bobby—Water and a baby, ma'am.

Thirty minutes is all the time required to dye with PUTNAM FADELESS DYES. Sold by druggists.

Industry keeps the body healthy, the mind clear, the heart whole and the purse full.—O Simmons.

SURGICAL OPERATIONS

How Mrs. Bruce, a Noted Opera Singer, Escaped an Operation. Proof That Many Operations for Ovarian Troubles are Unnecessary.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Travelling for years on the road, with irregular meals and sleep and damp beds, broke down my health so completely two years ago that the physician advised a complete rest, and when I had gained



MRS. G. BRUCE.

sufficient vitality, an operation for ovarian troubles. Not a very cheerful prospect, to be sure. I, however, was advised to try **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Sanative Wash;** I did so, fortunately for me. Before a month had passed I felt that my general health had improved; in three months more I was cured, and I have been in perfect health since. I did not lose an engagement or miss a meal.

"Your Vegetable Compound is certainly wonderful, and well worthy the praise your admiring friends who have been cured are ready to give you. I always speak highly of it, and you will admit I have good reason to do so."—MRS. G. BRUCE, Lansing, Mich.

$5000 forfeit if above testimonial is not genuine.

The fullest counsel on this subject can be secured without cost by writing to Mrs Pinkham, Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be entirely confidential.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL

NEW YORK.

"Weather conditions have been potent for good during the past week. Retail distribution was greatly accelerated, which in turn enlarged jobbing trade and brought more pressure on manufacturers for prompt shipment; agricultural work was facilitated and building operations made rapid progress; traffic increased at the interior as the condition of country roads improved, which made collections better. Some labor controversies were settled and others were averted. Complaints are still heard regarding tardy deliveries, but freight is less congested, and business has increased to the extent of 6.9 per cent, larger railway earnings for April thus far than last year, and 16.3 per cent over 1900," according to R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade. Continuing, the report says:

"Quotations of iron and steel cannot yet be considered inflated, but the market is following a natural course, despite the efforts of leading interests to maintain a conservative position. Supply and demand must in the long run govern prices, and in this industry needs are greater than available stocks, although productive capacity has largely expanded.

"Pressure for pig iron is very great, but furnace men have contracted for their output far into the future, and consumers who want prompt delivery are willing to pay premiums. Similarly as to steel rails, the regular price of $28 has become nominal on current business, an advance of $5 a ton being readily paid for immediate delivery. This is especially noticeable on urgent trolley construction. Specifications for new buildings promise abundant additional contracts for structural material, while some mills have already sold their entire output for 1902. Machinery and hardware lines share in the exceptional activity, and are doing a brisk export business in spite of high prices.

"Cotton goods have not followed the fluctuations in the raw material, although its strength has contributed to the steadiness of the finished product. The feature of the week was the increased inquiry for export, and mills catering to this trade are sold far into the autumn. In the domestic trade many bids slightly below ruling prices were not considered, and it is evident that supplies are in strong hands. Deliveries are being made more promptly, yet there is no fear of accumulation.

"Woolen goods are in less urgent demand, purchasers having secured most of the cloth which the American company was unable to furnish owing to the strike. Buying of dress goods has decreased, and jobbers are beginning to go out with fall lines.

"Footwear shipments from Boston have decreased, but jobbers are placing orders for fall and the shops are fairly well occupied. Shoe manufacturers are buying leather more freely, holding prices fairly steady, except for hemlock sole, which lost half a cent.

"Grain and meats have continued very strong. There was some logical explanation of the advance in corn, interior receipts falling to 857,000 bushels for the week, while Atlantic exports rose to 384,603 bushels, an unusually large total for recent times, although small by comparison with the corresponding week in preceding years. Wheat was sustained by exports from all ports of 4,485,352 bushels, flour included, against 4,013,891 a year ago.

"Cotton attained a higher price, Southern markets leading the advance on decreasing port receipts and a good demand from spinners. Sugar and coffee have been notably weak, the latter falling to within a sixteenth of the bottom record.

"Failures for the week numbered 261 in the United States, against 206 last year, and 24 in Canada, against 21 a year ago."

THE MARKETS

Chicago—Cattle, common to prime, $3.50 to $7.00; hogs, shipping grades, $4.25 to $7.50; sheep, fair to choice, $3.00 to $6.00; wheat, No. 2 red, 82c to 83c; corn, No. 2, 61c to 62c; oats, No. 2, 44c to 42c; rye, No. 2, 55c to 56c; hay, timothy, $10.00 to $15.00; prairie, $5.50 to $13.50; butter, choice creamery, 20c to 21c; eggs, fresh, 13c to 15c; potatoes, 90c to $1.00 per bushel.

Indianapolis—Cattle, shipping, $3.00 to $7.00; hogs, choice light, $4.00 to $7.00; sheep, common to prime, $2.50 to $4.25; wheat, No. 2, 79c to 80c; corn, No. 2 white, 64c to 65c; oats, No. 2 white, 45c to 46c.

St. Louis—Cattle, $4.50 to $7.10; hogs, $3.00 to $7.25; sheep, $2.50 to $6.25; wheat, No. 2, 80c to 81c; corn, No. 2, 65c to 66c; oats, No. 2, 44c to 45c; rye, No. 2, 60c to 61c.

Cincinnati—Cattle, $3.00 to $6.75; hogs, $3.00 to $7.25; sheep, $2.25 to $5.40; wheat, No. 2, 84c to 85c; corn, No. 2 mixed, 66c to 67c; oats, No. 2 mixed, 44c to 45c; rye, No. 2, 61c to 62c.

Detroit—Cattle, $2.50 to $6.25; hogs, $3.00 to $6.85; sheep, $2.50 to $5.00; wheat, No. 2, 85c to 86c; corn, No. 3 yellow, 63c to 64c; oats, No. 2 white, 48c to 49c; rye, 60c to 61c.

Toledo—Wheat, No. 2 mixed, 83c to 84c; corn, No. 2 mixed, 61c to 63c; oats, No. 2 mixed, 43c to 44c; clover seed, prime, $5.15.

Milwaukee—Wheat, No. 2 northern, 74c to 75c; corn, No 3, 60c to 62c; oats, No. 2 white, 46c to 47c; rye, No. 1, 59c to 60c; barley, No. 2, 68c to 70c; pork, mess, $16.65.

Buffalo—Cattle, choice shipping steers, $3.00 to $7.00; hogs, fair to prime, $3.00 to $7.25; sheep, fair to choice, $3.25 to $6.25; lambs, common to choice, $4.00 to $7.35.

New York—Cattle, $3.75 to $5.75; hogs, $3.00 to $7.25; sheep, $3.50 to $6.00; wheat, No. 2 red, 86c to 87c; corn, No. 2, 69c to 70c; oats, No. 2 white, 52c to 53c; butter, creamery, 21c to 24c; eggs, western, 14c to 17c.

A company with $50,000 capital has been chartered to bore for gas at Coffeyville, Kan.

ILLINOIS STATE NEWS

OCCURRENCES DURING THE PAST WEEK.

Attempted Delivery of Prisoners Fails —Collision on Joliet-Chicago Line— Wife-Beater Driven from Sandwich —Jewelry Found in Car of Corn.

An attempt at a wholesale delivery of prisoners from the guardhouse at Fort Sheridan was discovered and frustrated, but one man got away later. The discovery was made by Sergeant of the Guard Connor, who was aroused by the sound of muffled blows coming from the cell rooms. Twice was the officer aroused by the sounds, and each time made an investigation. On the second search he saw light from the exterior fall on the floor through an opening which the prisoners were making through the brick wall. The hole was made from cell No. 6, which contained fifteen men. The prisoners had made an opening about six inches across when discovered. A cold chisel, hammer and steel saw were found. Logan S. Cannon, a prisoner detailed to do kitchen duty, was wheeling ashes toward the ravine back of the riding hall, later in the day, under guard of Frank E. Koons and Gentil de Voglaer. Cannon dropped his wheelbarrow and ran for the ravine. De Voglaer's gun missed fire, but Koons got one shot at Cannon as he escaped through the underbrush.

Town Ejects Wife-Beater.

Jarvis Coley, who married Miss Christina Heisenger in Sandwich Christmas eve, was run out of the city by a mob under threats of tar and feathers for illusing his wife and indirectly causing her death. Coley had constantly beaten and maltreated his wife ever since their marriage, and the young woman, who was only 19 years old, had been forced to beg shelter from the brutality of her husband at the neighbors' houses and had been forced to beg for food. On Sunday last, despondent from the never-ceasing misery of her married life, she drank two ounces of carbolic acid, dying that same evening. The funeral was held the other day and at the grave Coley said he was glad she was dead. That evening a mob of 100 citizens surrounded the house and took Coley out to a vacant lot, where they threatened to tar and feather him. He promised to leave town if they would free him and on the condition that he should leave town by daylight the mob let him go.

Trolley Crash on Chicago-Joliet Line.

Another collision on the Chicago and Joliet electric line occurred the other night, resulting in the serious injury of three persons. Motorman C. C. Colville may not survive his hurts, while John Conley and Frank Schwab, both of Lockport, were cut and bruised. Sixty other passengers were badly shaken up. The collision occurred on the bridge spanning Fraction Run, a deep gully two miles north of Joliet. A car filled with workmen from the Joliet mills was following a regular car to Lockport. The regular car made a stop, and Colville, in charge of the rear car, failed to properly gauge the distance. The passengers on the rear platform of the first car realized the danger and jumped, as did those on the front platform of the second car. Colville stuck to his post, and when the crash came was pinioned beneath the wreckage.

Recovered the Booty.

In Davenport, Iowa, the police secured all the booty of the robbers who went through three fine residences in Peoria on a recent night. The articles had been placed in sacks and scattered through a car of shelled corn consigned from Peoria to the glucose works at Davenport. In the lot were four gold watches, diamond rings, a diamond brooch, diamond pin and three unset diamonds, the whole valued at several thousand dollars. Two men taken from the same car at Rock Island by Officers Barney and McCabe overpowered the latter and escaped, but one was recaptured later.

Finds an Orchard Pest.

George Wirth, a nurseryman, made the discovery while pruning trees that nearly all the orchards around Tampico are badly affected with San Jose scale. The State entomologist has been notified. Orchards have been dying rapidly within the last few years and farmers are confident now they have discovered the cause that it will be possible to make northern Illinois produce large crops of apples hereafter.

Girls Have a Narrow Escape.

Four girls, two from Chicago and two from Philadelphia, students at the Monticello Seminary at Godfrey, procured cadet uniforms and went out on a lark. They were attacked by a gang of tramps, who discovered that they were disguised. The girls had a race for their lives to the seminary. They escaped violence, but were terribly frightened. The Chicago students have been expelled as a result of the escapade.

Brief State Happenings.

Mrs. S. Lanyon of Waukegan has been left $25,000 by English relatives.

John Eastburg, a well-known man, was struck by a train and instantly killed at Kewanee.

Three hundred men are thrown out of work for six weeks as the result of a fire that partly destroyed the plant of the Phoenix Horseshoe Company, in Joliet. Loss $10,000, no insurance.

The bodies of three Italians—Francisca Cassia, Barney Pomatto and Frank Fengollo—drowned in the Illinois river at Spring Valley a month ago, were found about fifteen miles below there. The coroner found nearly $100 in their clothing.

Driven frantic by illness and convinced that unknown persons were about to murder him, Carl Pearson, 21 years old, and once of sturdy build, plunged from a fourth-story window of the Wesley hospital in Chicago. Attaches rushed to the alley beneath and found him dead.

The Supreme Court of Illinois has reversed and remanded the case of Harry Hubbard, charged with the murder of William Epsy of Benton, and now serving a sentence of fourteen years in the Chester penitentiary. This will give Hubbard, who is a young man, less than 25 years of age, a new trial.

Gillett Brothers of Chicago have been awarded the contract for the new high school building at Alton, at their bid of $30,000.

At Cooksville Lawrence Fossett, aged 7, accidentally shot and killed his 16-year-old brother Lee by knocking a rifle to the floor.

Rev. W. F. McMillen of Chicago spoke at the meeting of the Springfield Association of Congregational Churches at Bunker Hill.

At Plymouth Alde Cox, aged 13, was accidentally shot and killed by Clark Huddleston, aged 20, who was twirling a revolver in cowboy fashion.

Chicago underwriters advanced insurance rates on mercantile buildings 10 per cent, and on their contents 25 per cent. Apartment house rates were not changed, but probably will be.

C. G. Peterson, Evanston, removed tombstone from second wife's grave and had it inscribed to his first wife. Second wife's children claimed stone was bought with her money and sued to replevin.

A misstep of a young man with a kerosene lamp in his hand resulted in the destruction of four houses in South Chicago and sparks from the burning buildings started fires in six other houses seven blocks away. Two persons were injured.

Private correspondence from Washington, D. C., received by Postmaster Krieder of Jacksonville, makes it certain that Jacksonville will have a new federal building. An appropriation passed during this session of Congress will be divided between four Illinois cities, of which Jacksonville is one.

Judge Stein at Spring Valley was publicly horsewhipped on the street by an enraged woman. An hour later he was again attacked by the same woman, a Mrs. Heep, wife of a local saloonkeeper. The woman claims that Stein in an article published in a local paper furnished false statements about a family row. Fifty witnesses of the fracas have been subpoenaed to appear at Princeton during the trial.

After being out all night the jury in the Robert Hadfield murder trial at Carbondale found the defendant guilty and fixed his punishment at fourteen years in the Chester penitentiary. Hadfield was convicted of killing James Jourdan in a fight on a train conveying Samuel Alschuler, then a gubernatorial candidate, from Herrin to Carbondale. At Hadfield's trial Lem Shadowens, a companion of Hadfield, testified that he and not Hadfield fired the shot. Hadfield is 22 years of age. Recently he married one of the belles of Carterville.

Saturating her garments with kerosene, Mrs. Abraham Antoranum of Waukegan set them on fire while her husband slept in an adjoining room, and, in a few minutes died in terrible agony. Her husband, awakened by her screams, started to her aid, only to find that he had been locked in his bedroom. He broke down the door, and in his efforts to extinguish the flames enveloping his wife was so badly burned that he may die. The suicide was the culmination of a quarrel on the preceding day between Mr. and Mrs. Antoranum. The woman was of a despondent character.

Hattie Belle Laubenstein, 14 years old, was accidentally shot and killed the other evening by Carl Witherell, a playmate. The accident occurred in a playground in the rear of the children's homes in La Grange and was the result of the discharge of a rifle which the boy had been showing to a group of friends. He placed the weapon under his arm and the trigger caught on his coat. In an instant there was a report and the girl fell to the ground. The bullet had entered her brain. The families are neighbors and are prominent residents of the suburb. The children had been playmates for a number of years and were the best of friends.

The razing of the old Shaw Hotel property in Elgin will remove from Elgin its oldest building and will wipe out a landmark. In 1842 James T. Gifford purchased from the government for 36 cents the land on which the hotel stands. Within the walls of the hotel many events in Elgin's history have taken place, the most important of which occurred May 1, 1854, when the first Mayor and City Council were elected by votes cast in the little parlor. When the Northwestern Railway was built the hotel stood in the right of way. One corner of the building was, therefore, cut off to allow the road to pass. W. W. Sherwin will erect on the site a $50,000 office building.

Gov. Yates has appointed William L. Sackett of Morris to be a member of the Illinois and Michigan canal commission, vice Charles B. Miller of Ottawa, resigned, to become secretary of the State live stock board. The Governor also named the following delegates from this State to the national conference of charities and corrections in Detroit, May 28 to June 3: Gen. John C. Black, Bishop Fallows, Ephraim Banning, Timothy D. Hurley, Judge Richard S. Tuthill, Mrs. Flora Moulton, all of Chicago; Dr. J. V. N. Standish, Galesburg; Mrs. Sophia De Muth, Alton; Judge W. G. Cochran, Sullivan; George W. Curtis, Stockton; Mrs. H. T. Rainey, Carrollton; W. R. Jewell, Danville; Lafayette Funk, Bloomington; Miss Sarah L. Montgomery, Springfield; James E. McClure, Carlinville, and Mrs. Emma Kiefer of Peoria.

Samuel Carpenter, an engineer on the Elgin, Joliet and Eastern Railroad, was scalded to death under his own engine at Chicago Heights. He was running engine No. 71, pulling a west-bound freight. At the Chicago and Eastern Illinois crossing he whistled for the crossing, but, mistaking the tower man's refusal, he did not stop his train. The engine was derailed and toppled over, Carpenter being caught under it. He was dead when extricated.

The finance committee of the grand lodge of Illinois Odd Fellows met in Springfield and elected John Y. Sikes grand secretary of the grand lodge, vice John R. Miller, deceased. Mr. Sikes for several years has been Mr. Miller's assistant.

President Andrew S. Draper of the University of Illinois has been given a leave of absence of one year at full pay by the board of trustees of the institution. President Draper received injuries in a runaway recently that necessitated the amputation of a leg at the knee and the leave of absence is necessary.

J. S. MORTON IS DEAD.

FORMER SECRETARY OF AGRICULTURE PASSES AWAY.

Death Occurs at Home of His Son at Lake Forest, Ill.—Deceased Was an Agriculturist of National Repute—Originator of Arbor Day.

J. Sterling Morton, Secretary of Agriculture under the last Cleveland administration, died Sunday afternoon at the residence of his son, Mark Morton, at Lake Forest, Ill. His three sons, Mark, Paul and Joy Morton, with their families, were at the bedside of their father when the end came. His physicians were in almost constant attendance on their patient during the last few days, although they and the family were fully aware that there was no hope of his recovery.

Secretary Morton's illness dates from last November, when he contracted a severe cold while speaking at the stock show in Chicago. The cold ran into an attack of grip, and Mr. Morton was in a hospital for several weeks. When he was able to travel he returned to his home at Nebraska City, where he suffered a relapse.

Takes Trip to Mexico.

After a partial recovery he went to the City of Mexico, expecting that his health would be restored. During his stay in the South he was attacked with a disease of the bronchial arteries, and he returned to his home at once. He suffered severely on the return journey and reached his home with his health very much impaired. Three weeks ago Mr. Morton went to Chicago for the purpose of consulting a specialist. A week ago, while at the home of his son at Lake Forest, he was stricken with apoplexy. He rallied little after this attack, and gradually sank until the end.

Since the death of his youngest son, Carl, a year ago last January, Mr. Morton had been a changed man, and his intimate friends say the grief he then experienced indirectly hastened his death.

His Political Career.

Julius Sterling Morton had been one of the foremost Democrats of the nation for nearly half a century. His first official position was given him by President Buchanan in 1857, that of secretary of the territory of Nebraska. His last office was that of Secretary of Agriculture in the last administration of President Cleveland, from 1893 to 1897. All his life he had been a farmer and had been a leader in the upbuilding of every line of agriculture. It was he who originated "Arbor day," which has become an annual festival throughout the western prairie States. If Mr. Morton had the choice he would rather be remembered in connection with that anniversary than for anything else he ever accomplished. Even on his book mark was the motto "plant trees."

Mr. Morton's public life practically ended with his retirement from the cabinet with President Cleveland. In the Bryan campaign that immediately followed that administration Mr. Morton forsook the Democrats and declared himself for the gold standard, casting his strength for the Republican candidate.

His Career Sketched.

Mr. Morton was born in Adams, Jefferson County, N. Y., April 22, 1832. When he was but 2 years of age his parents removed to Michigan, where the boy attended the primary schools. At the proper age he returned to New York and attended Union College, where he graduated in 1854. The same year he was married and emigrated to the then far-away territory of Nebraska. He preempted a half section of government land at Nebraska City, and for more than forty years he had lived on the same farm and had always been active in its management.

It was in 1858 that President Buchanan appointed Mr. Morton secretary of the territory, and, the Governor, dying during the term, he became acting Governor.

Does Newspaper Work.

During his college days Mr. Morton became a contributor to the Detroit Free Press, and later he wrote for the Chicago Times in the days when that paper occupied its most prominent position under Mr. Story. The newspaper experience he acquired at that time served him well in after years, and he has been connected with some publication nearly all his life. Shortly after he went West he started the Nebraska City News, and was its first editor. For many years he had been proprietor and usually editor of the Conservative, a weekly publication in Nebraska City that has had a large following among the farmers.

Although little known in the East, up to the time that Cleveland appointed him to the new Department of Agriculture, he at once took front rank among the agriculturists of the country, and became the exponent of many reforms in farming that have served to revolutionize the industry.

Mr. Morton was supposed to be in comfortable if not affluent circumstances. His farm in Nebraska is one of the largest and without doubt the most highly cultivated in the State, indeed in the whole West. He is also said to own considerable property in Washington City and in Chicago.

Short News Notes.

Several business houses, McArthur, O., burned.

Flood at Osthan, Moravia, drowned thirteen miners.

A Paris dispatch says Jean De Reszke is to have a model theater of his own at Etolle and that friends have subscribed $1,250,000 for its erection.

Dr. Morris Hale, a leading physician of Little Rock, Ark., was sentenced to fifteen months' hard labor in the penitentiary for sending obscene matter through the mails.

Mayor Carter H. Harrison forwarded to Paul Kruger, at The Hague, through Montagu White, special Boer envoy, an invitation of the City Council to visit Chicago.

It is reported that the Russian subsidized steamer Kornilloff, on her last visit to the Persian gulf, landed 60,000 rifles at the Bender Abbas, a seaport of Persia on the Persian gulf.

Some philanthropist, whose name is not given, has donated $10,000 to the Kansas Medical College at Topeka, for the purpose of enabling it to erect an addition to the present building.

CROP CONDITIONS ARE BETTER.

General Improvement Observed in Most States.

The regular weekly crop report of the weather bureau was compiled before the sweeping changes of weather throughout the West and central West were reported. It says:

The week ending on April 21 was warmer than the average in the Pacific coast and Rocky Mountain regions, in the Missouri valley, and the northern districts to the eastward; it was too cool in the middle Atlantic and Southern States and decidedly dry over the greater part of the central valleys and middle Atlantic States. Rain is badly needed throughout the Rocky Mountain districts and central valleys and would prove beneficial in the middle Atlantic States, while excess of moisture has hindered farm work in portions of the central Gulf States.

The latter part of the week was marked by abnormally high temperatures in Kansas and Nebraska, intensifying the drought conditions in those States. The general weather conditions, although not conducive to rapid advance of vegetation, were favorable for farming operations in nearly all parts of the country. The progress of corn planting has been rather slow, except in Missouri and the Southern States, this work being about finished in the central and the west gulf districts. A large acreage of ground is prepared for planting in the States of the central valleys, and some planting has been done in southern Illinois, but none elsewhere northward of the Ohio. The early planted is coming up in southern Kansas, where cultivation has begun.

Winter wheat has continued to make slow growth, and on the whole is in less promising condition in the principal winter wheat States of the central valley than at the close of the previous week. Moisture and milder temperatures are generally needed for this crop throughout these districts and also in the middle Atlantic States. The outlook in California continues promising and the crop has experienced improvement on the north Pacific coast.

The germination of early sown spring wheat over the southern portion of the spring wheat region has been slow, and seeding has been retarded by freezing in North Dakota. The Red River valley lands in Minnesota are drying nicely and seeding began on the 15th. Some reseeding will be necessary in Minnesota as a result of the dust storm of April 10 and 11. Seeding has progressed favorably on the north Pacific coast.

HIGHER PRICES FOR FOOD.

Fresh Meats of All Kind, Poultry and Butter Score Advances.

Higher prices for various foods, particularly fresh meats and butter, which are regarded in this flourishing country as necessaries of life, although looked upon as luxuries in some others, have not only come, but they are here to stay. Moreover, according to expectations of men in the trade, they are likely to go higher still in the very near future.

It is not only beef that has advanced almost sensationally in price within a few weeks. Lamb and mutton have gone up, as have hog products, and so also have poultry and butter. Lard has been advanced 1 to 3 cents a pound within a few months, and it has become known that there has been formed some sort of a working agreement between the great producers, who have held meetings in western cities to come to understandings as to the conduct of their business profitably in view of the gradually advancing prices all along the line from hog to lard.

The rise in the price of butter is said to be chiefly speculative, not as turning upon any attempt to corner the market, but owing to a belief among the dairymen that Congress will pass the proposed law prohibiting the manufacture of oleomargarine.

The advance in the price of poultry is a sympathetic one, consequent upon the high beef market. The price of beef in the carcass, as the butcher buys it, is now about 3 cents a pound higher than six months ago.

PRESIDENT REBUKES FUNSTON.

Must Cease Further Public Discussion of the Philippines Question.

President Roosevelt has reprimanded Gen. Fred Funston. The Kansas fighter has been ordered to cease the discussion of the Philippines question. This is the result of Gen. Funston's recent statement in a speech that Senator Hoar of Massachusetts was "afflicted with an overheated conscience."

The following letter in regard to the matter was made public by the War Department:

"War Department, Washington.—Sir: I am directed by the President to instruct you that he wishes you to cease further public discussion of the situation in the Philippines and also to express his regret that you should make a Senator of the United States the object of public criticism or discussion. Very respectfully, WILLIAM CARY SANGER, "Acting Secretary of War.

"Brig. Gen. Frederick Funston, Commanding Department of Colorado, Denver, Colo."

Brief News Items.

Building trades of Cincinnati want an eight-hour day.

James R. Keene, New York, wants to form a rubber trust.

Silas C. Croft, surveyor of the port of New York, is dead.

One thousand men representing the building trades of Niagara Falls, N. Y., struck for an advance of wages and an eight-hour working day.

The contract has been let for the erection of the monument in Guthrie to the memory of Roy V. Cashion, the Oklahoma rough rider who was killed in Cuba during the Spanish-American war.

Lyman J. Gage, former Secretary of the Treasury, has been elected president of the United States Trust Company of New York. He succeeds John Stewart, who resigned on account of ill health.

Adolphus De Wet, a nephew of the Boer Gen. De Wet, who was wounded and captured at the battle of Jacobsdal, and who afterwards escaped from Bermuda by swimming to a schooner bound for New York, arrived at Guayaquil, Ecuador, recently. He spent a few days in that city and proceeded to Lima, Peru, where he will engage in a mining enterprise.

TO PROBE BEEF TRUST

SUITS ORDERED INSTITUTED AGAINST PACKERS.

Attorney-General Knox Invokes the Sherman Anti-Trust Law and Will Prosecute Members of the Alleged Meat Combine—Butchers May Sue.

Attorney General Knox has ordered that suits be instituted in Chicago against the packers who are supposed to control the alleged beef trust. Mr. Knox has instructed District Attorney Bethea, who has been investigating the methods of the packers, to begin injunction proceedings under the Sherman anti-trust law. William A. Day, special attorney of the department of justice, is in Chicago to assist in the prosecution of the suits.



ATTY. GEN. KNOX.

Attorney General Knox's action is the result of an investigation that Mr. Bethea has been conducting for several weeks. In the Attorney General's opinion evidence has been found which justifies the prosecution of the packers. Under the law violators are subject to fine and imprisonment and their products while in transit from one State to another may be confiscated.

The packers also may be subject to suits for damages by the butchers and other persons who may have been injured in their business and property by the operations of the beef trust. Those who have been injured in this manner are given the right by the anti-trust law to enter suit against those who are parties to the combination and they may recover in the United States Circuit Court damages amounting to three times the losses sustained.

In the past it has not often proved an easy task to wage effective legal battle against harmful trusts. It is not always possible to ascertain the exact nature of the combination by which they do business.

The Attorney General, with the authorization of the President, will now proceed to bring the beef trust into court, where it will be called upon to explain many things. If it is found that the beef companies by combination have been restraining trade, throttling competition, restricting the output or in other ways trying to control the market and raise prices they may not only be enjoined from continuing these practices but may be subjected to criminal prosecution as lawbreakers.

Chicago packers say they welcome the coming investigation of what the federal government insists is a combine in restraint of trade. According to reports they are awaiting developments and apparently not disturbed by the information from Washington to the effect that the department of justice will prosecute them on orders from Attorney General Knox. The packers say they would be glad, indeed, if the people of the United States would band together and agree not to eat a pound of meat, for, they declare, there is no profit in the present high prices.

Secretary of Agriculture Wilson has asserted all along that natural conditions caused the advance in meat products. Congressman Feely, who represents the Chicago stock yards district, holds the opinion that the Attorney General cannot reach the packers under the anti-trust law.

PRESIDENT GARFIELD'S SON.

The Ohio Senator Who Is Now Civil Service Commissioner.

The civil service commissionership was one of Theodore Roosevelt's stepping stones to the presidency. It may be that he had this in mind when he offered the place to James Rudolph Garfield, son of the late President, and the friends of the young Ohioan are hopeful that he may follow in the footsteps of his illustrious father and of the champion of the strenuous life. Young Garfield is a graduate of Williams College and Columbia Law School and has served as State Senator. In his manner of speech he strikingly resembles his father. With his brother he has practiced law at Cleveland, residing at Mentor with his mother and his wife.



JAS. R. GARFIELD.

RIVER DISASTERS RECALLED.

Explosions, Collisions and Fires Have Entailed Many Deaths.

The burning near Cairo of the steamer City of Pittsburg recalls vividly other great disasters on the river.

In the late 60's the celebrated steamers United States and America were racing near Madison, Ind., and ran into each other. The America was loaded with oil, which became ignited, and fifty-two passengers were burned and drowned.

In 1868 the Maggie Byer exploded near Brooksburg, Ind., and fifteen people were killed.

In the 70's the Elonora Carroll, a passenger packet, was burned at the wharf in Louisville. She had numerous passengers aboard, but all but eight escaped safely.

In 1895 the steamer State of Missouri caught fire while in the middle of the Ohio river at Cloverport, Ky. The boat tried to get to shore with her passengers, but she burned like tinder and forty deck hands and passengers perished in midstream.

In 1884 the Belmont capsized in a storm at Henderson, Ky., and thirteen persons were drowned.

Two years ago the big packet John K. Speed, in the Cincinnati and New Orleans trade, stuck on the falls of the Ohio at Louisville and caught fire. There was a stampede among the passengers. All got safely to shore and the fire on the steamer was extinguished with but slight loss.

Pope Leo will issue a document showing the growth of Catholicism in America.

LIVES LOST IN STORM.

DESTRUCTIVE WINDS PREVAIL IN MISSOURI VALLEY.

Three Dead in Joplin, Mo.—One Killed at Omaha, and Several Near-By Towns Report Damage—The Crops Are in Danger.

Loss of life and destruction of property are reported from many points in the Missouri valley as the result of severe windstorms.

The most serious results were at Joplin, Mo., where at least three persons were killed and several were fatally injured. About fifty houses, most of them frame structures, and much valuable mining property were blown down, and the property loss probably will exceed $300,000.

Sweeps Narrow Path.

The worst havoc wrought by the storm was in a district about four blocks wide and a mile long on the western limits of the city. There is scarcely a building in the district that was not damaged. There were many remarkable escapes. A 2-year-old baby of Mrs. Nellie Sullivan was blown fifty yards from the house into a pond, and was there rescued from drowning through the heroism of a 7-year-old brother, who was also injured in the storm.

One room of the residence of S. D. Brower, on Ivy street, was also blown away. One of his young sons was blown three blocks, but only slightly hurt.

The little home of Bidwell Hunter on the Seventh street road was destroyed. The skulls of Hunter, his wife and his mother-in-law, Marian Hicks, were fractured, and there is no hope for any of them. Their 2-year-old child, Esther, was so badly injured that she died soon after the storm.

Reports from Galena, Kan., and Webb City and Carterville, Mo., indicate great damage. Dwellings were damaged and stores suffered heavy damage from broken plate glass and floods.

At Sedalia many trees were blown down, as were the smokestacks of a brewery, an ice plant and the gas works. Small houses were shifted from their foundations and unroofed and much other damage was done.

Fatality in Omaha.

At Omaha the storm was very severe. Robert Maxwell, a boy, was struck by a flying sidewalk on Military avenue and killed. Former Mayor George P. Bemis was struck by a flying sign at Eighteenth and Farnam streets and sustained a broken leg and was otherwise injured. Lawrence Taggert was struck on the head by a broken billboard and seriously injured. The storm was at its height as the stores were closing and a great many persons were on the streets. A dozen plate glass windows in downtown stores were blown in and a score of roofs were carried away. Small buildings in the outskirts of the city were destroyed and several barns were demolished.

A straightaway wind, reaching at times a velocity of sixty miles an hour, prevailed at Lincoln throughout the afternoon and into the night. Only minor damage was done.

Felt in Iowa.

A very heavy rain, which turned to snow, fell over Iowa. Jefferson, Fonda, Storm Lake and other points report wind with a velocity of sixty-five miles an hour. A cloudburst occurred at Mingo, water running eighteen inches deep in the street. Telegraph wires were prostrated.

A fierce north wind, carrying clouds of dust and low temperature blew in Kansas all afternoon. The wheat fields drifted badly. The effect on all growing crops was unfavorable, but as the wind was cool no particular damage was done.

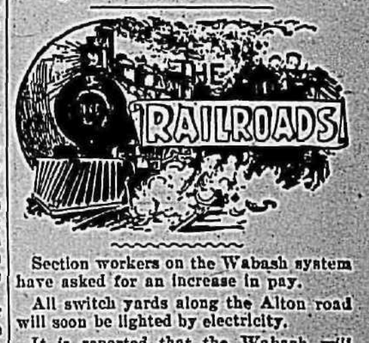
The wind blew a hurricane all day over eastern Oklahoma, and the thermometer dropped 20 degrees. A norther carrying clouds of dust drove a blinding storm that was the most destructive in years.

Losses in Illinois.

At Bloomington, Ill., the storm amounted almost to a tornado. Many buildings were damaged and wires torn down. Live electric wires killed a number of carriage horses. A heavy electrical shower followed the wind, aggregating two inches of water for the day.

Reports from central Illinois show that the storm was widespread.

The steamer Spread Eagle could not be managed in the high wind and, missing her landing at Alton, crashed into the gospel steamer Magiddo, which was lying at the levee, and precipitating a panic aboard the latter vessel. No great damage was done either boat.



Section workers on the Wabash system have asked for an increase in pay.

All switch yards along the Alton road will soon be lighted by electricity.

It is reported that the Wabash will build a line from Huntington to Indianapolis, Ind.

One of the first booklets issued by the Rock Island advertising its new Mexican line via El Paso is printed in Spanish.

The committee on car service of the American Railway Association is to report at the May meeting a recommendation to substitute a per diem charge for the use by one road of the cars of another. The charge now is so much per mile covered by the car.

The Santa Fe was selected as the official route for delegates to the Women's Club Federation meeting in San Francisco.

Railroad people say the Lake Shore and the New York Central, with their lake lines, are seeking to establish themselves as a rapid transit freight route between Chicago and European ports. Recently 40,000 bushels of grain was transferred from a lake steamer in Buffalo to New York Central cars, taken to New York and loaded on a steamer for Europe in forty-eight hours. Shippers consider this a record-breaking performance.

THE NEWS.

A REPUBLICAN NEWSPAPER.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY BY
A. B. JOHNSON, - Publisher

By Mail, One Dollar Per Year, In Advance.

THE NEWS Guarantees a Larger Bonafide Circulation in Western Lake County, than Any Paper Published in The State.

ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS.

It is just a century since trowsers were first adopted. George IV of England is said to be responsible for them, introducing the garment to hide deformities of his knees superinduced by the gout. Artists and sartorial authorities say the trowser is the ugliest piece of tailoring ever devised, and it was hoped that the recent metsoric careers of golf and the bicycle might bring knee breeches back into style, but the long pantaloons seem to have entered on their second century with a new lease of life. The loose trow er was known to the ancient Persians, as that was their distingnishing feature in Greek decorations.

Helen Keller, the wonderful blind deaf mute, visited the Prestdent in Washington last week, and they had quite a long conversation. Although her enunciation is not distinct and her voice peculiarly muffled, the President, by his quick perception could understand her readily and she knew what he said by touching his lips with the tips of her fingers. Mr. Roosevelt told her how his son, Archie, had just caught a wild rabbit in the White House grounds.

The United States consul at Batum, the center of the Russian oil fields, reports that the cost of producing oil there is considerably greater than in the United States. There are more wastful labor methods and the government exacts a heavy royalty. There is now but little profit in the Russian industry and the operators are discouraged at the low prices maintained by the American Standard Oil Company.

The President of the Illinois Steel company says that the old rules by which the poor boys worked their way up the ladder of success are obsolete, because they applied to the time when things were worked out by the rule of thumb, whereas today applied science and technical skill are necessities. Specialization is the key that opens the door to high positions in the present day.

The postal receipts for March from the fifty largest offices in the country show a net increase of 10 per cent over the corresponding time last year, which indicates that there may be no postal deficit this year. The removal of many "fake" periodicals from the second class privilege together with an increase of first class mail has augmented the net revenues.

The cut of the dress coat is derived from the old hunting coat whose tails were divided, the front cut away, and buttons sewed on the back to hold up the tails. The reason why the servant is dressed in the conventional evening costum also, is because in the old days it was his prerogative to wear out the old hunting coats of his master.

The bill granting a pension to Mrs. McKinley became a law last week. The amount is $5,000 a year, and while there was some slight show of opposition, the general sentiment that it was the country's duty to see that the widows of our Presidents should be placed beyond the chance of want prevailed.

Chicago manufacturers have organized the National Reciprocity League in order to develop reciprocal trade relations with foreign nations. They hold that our manufacturing capacity is greater than the needs of the home market, and that a world market must be made by concessions to other nations.

The United States North Atlantic Squadron visited at St. Thomas recently and the officers were cordially greeted by the representatives of the Danish government. Many pleasant expressions of friendship between Denmark and the United States were exchanged at a banquet.

Instead of using consular positions as plums for political henchmen, the system should be adjusted as planned, to secure good service for merit, and promotion as a reward of zeal and intelligence in the discharge of duty.

During the recent small-pox scare in this country there were 22,263 cases reported in one week, against 9,406 for the corresponding week of last year, there being about 30 deaths per 1,000 cases this year and 14 per 1,000 in 1901.

A prominent business man of Birmingham, Alabama, has just donated $500 to Tuskegee Industrial Institute for colored people, this being the largest contribution yet received from a southern white man.

Robert J. Wynne, the recently appointed First Assistant Postmaster General, was a prominent Washington newspaper correspondent and President of the famous Gridiron Club.

A general 10 per cent advance in wages of mill hands went into effect in New England last week, 75,000 workers being benefited.

The question of Roosevelt or Hanna for 1904 is not as important as the election of a republican House of Representatives in 1902.

THE TIN PAIL BRIGADE DID IT.

Never in the history of politics in Waukegan or Lake County was there a more interesting or excitable occasion than that occurring in the several precincts, over the election of delegates to attend the convention at Libertyville, April 26.

The convention, too, was a hotly contested one. During all the afternoon no news from Libertyville was the occasion of still more talk, with a pretty general conviction that a dark horse would carry off the honor. It was 6:30 before the result was known and 8 o'clock before particulars could be had from the delegates, and the interest was still kept up to a fever heat. It was full as much a surprise as was the result of the primaries, especially that of the third ward, which gave the delegation to Stearns by a bare majority.

An election to vote $40,000 for more school room had occurred on Tuesday previously, only a small vote being cast, but it was the "tin pail brigade" that carried that election to the disgust of the heavier tax payers. At an important meeting held in the Court House Thursday evening, in honor of Senator Wm. E. Mason, there seemed to be a lack of enthusiam and this was accounted for, in part, as the Stearns party was known to be in favor of Senator Mason.

Owing to this indifference many Lyon adherents became convinced that Stearns was beaten, and many fifty and hundred dollar bets were made in favor of Lyon. Hence, another surprise followed on the unexpected result. Many bets were made that Stearns would not carry a ward in the city, But this belief was partly backed up by the well known effort and the power of state patronage to clinch the several delegations through the county as the sequel proved.

It is surprising too, to learn that there are so many who do not yet understand the delegate system of voting. Why it was not uncommon for some individuals to think they were voting for McDermott, the democratic candidate.

It is surmised that the Union labor vote had much to do with the result.

Religion in Cleveland.

Dr. Charles A. Eaton, pastor of the Cleveland church which Rockefeller attends when there, has decided on a campaign of street preaching to arouse the Cleveland people, who, he says, are sadly lethargic regarding religious matters.

Grapeshot with a History.

Mrs. Hayward Lynah of Savannah, Ga., has in her possession the missile that killed Count Pulaski at the siege of Savannah. Contrary to the general understanding, it is not a bullet, but an iron grapeshot, not more than an inch in diameter.

Lines to Advance Rates.

Ocean passenger rates to Europe may be put up $5 next summer. The cabin passengers from the United States last year numbered 128,000 and the raise means at least $600,000 more for the steamship companies.

Churches in Australia.

Australia has, proportionately, more churches than any other country, the number being 6,013, or 210 churches for every 100,000 people. England has 144 churches to every 100,000; Russia only 55 to the same number.

Eager to Capture Trade.

Several British firms of cycle-makers have travelers in South Africa, who are all ready with their samples to make a rush for the opening trade the moment hostilities cease.

STALLION ROUTE.

FOWLER FARM

Establishes route for their Stallion

Leave "Fowler Farm" Sunday, April, 20th.

At Lamb's Corners (L. H. Miller's) Monday, April 21st.

At Gurnee Tuesday, April 22nd.

At Warrenton Wednesday, April 23.

At Gage's Lake Thursday, April 24th.

At Grayslake Friday, April 25th.

At Rollins (Crossman's, on the John Hook Farm,) Saturday 26th, until noon.

At Fowler Farm Sunday, April 27.

NORTHERN TRIP

Leave Fowler Farm Sunday, April 27th.

At Millburn, (Simonson Thayer's Farm) Monday April 28th.

At Hickory, (Will Ames) Tuesday, 29th.

At Antioch (J. J. Morley's) Wednesday, 30 and Thursday, May 1st.

At Lake Villa Milk Depot, Friday, May 2, until noon.

At Fowler Farm Friday afternoon, May 2, Saturday, 3 and Sunday, 4th.

He is expected to visit the above places every two weeks thereafter

Owners of Mares!

Cut this out for further reference. Don't breed any mares until you see this horse, acknowledged by the best judges in America to be the ONE equal (ever breed or imported to this country) to "Old Brilliant."

Dr. H. D. Wright, V. S., from the Chicago Veterinary College, accompanies this horse, which insures the very best possible and intelligent treatment.

Lake Villa Pharmacy

J. O. MAC LEAN
Prescription Druggist

Wall Paper,
Drugs,
Drug Sundries
Candies,
Cigars,
Ice Cream
Soda,
Choice
Perfumes.

The Wisconsin Central Railway

Maintains a daily train service between Chicago, Milwaukee, Manitowoc, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Ashland and Duluth, reaching Eau Claire, Chippewa Falls, Marsfield, Hurley, Ironwood and Bessmer as well as the principal points of Wisconsin enroute. Connections with roads, running South, East, West and North, are made at terminal points. Pullman Sleepers are attached to all night trains and meals are served A LaCarte. Any agent of the Wisconsin Ry. will be pleased to give you further information, furnish tickets and reserve sleeping car accommodations.

JAS. C. POND, Gen. Pass. Ag't,
Milwaukee, Wis.

Call another a fool and you are the fool; call yourself a fool and you begin to be wise.

Illinois Central Through to Florida.

Beginning Monday, Jan. 6, 1902, the Illinois Central will run a through sleeping car between Chicago and Jacksonville, Florida, via Nashville, Chattanooga and Atlanta. It will leave Chicago daily at 6:10 p. m. and arrive at Jacksonville the second morning, running over the celebrated "Dixie Flyer" scenic route. This is an extension of its all-the-year-round Chicago and Nashville sleeping-car line.

Wedge & Hook

Have just received two carload of

WAGONS, CARRIAGES, BUGGIES AND RUN-ABOUTS,

Both in Steel and Rubber Tire

—FROM THE—

Racine Wagon & Carriage Co,
RACINE, WIS.

These Buggies and Wagons are all made of the best and seasoned material, made by skilled mechanics, and are in every way the equal, if not the superior, of any manufactory in the United States.

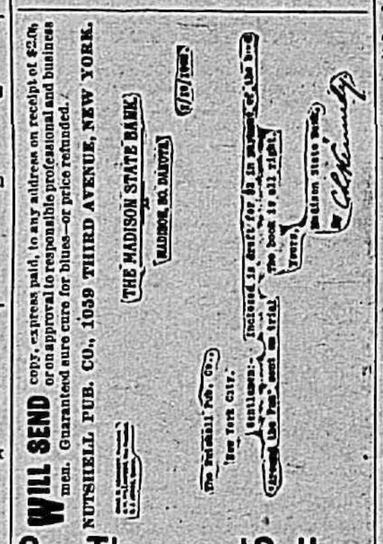
BUGGIES, SURREYS
and
ROAD WAGONS

At prices that will astonish you and within the reach of all.

DO NOT BUY

Till you have seen our stock and get our prices, for we have them to sell and will give you the benefit of our low prices.

WEDGE & HOOK,
34 Antioch and Rollins, Ill.



One Thousand Dollars

$1000.00 will be paid to any artist or penman drawing us by the first of July a single line portrait of President Roosevelt, the same being an improvement upon that drawn by Thomas Fleming, of President McKinley, a photo-engraved copy of which can be seen in the book "Around the Pan," (at all book stores or post paid 62.) which is one of the most popular books of the day, the only one giving an accurate account of the Pan-American Exposition, where our late President met his death at the hand of an assasin.

NUTSHELL PUBLISHING CO.
NEW YORK.

FOR SALE.

1 Second-hand Surrey, 1 Buggy, 1 Single Harness, 3 Buggy Poles, 1 four-passenger trap.

All in first-class condition, and if you don't want them, don't make an offer.

21y1 L. B. GRICE, Antioch, Ill.

Thousands Have Kidney Trouble and Don't Know it.

How To Find Out.

Fill a bottle or common glass with your water and let it stand twenty-four hours; a sediment or settling indicates an unhealthy condition of the kidneys; if it stains your linen it is evidence of kidney trouble; too frequent desire to pass it or pain in the back is also convincing proof that the kidneys and bladder are out of order.



What to Do.

There is comfort in the knowledge so often expressed, that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy fulfills every wish in curing rheumatism, pain in the back, kidneys, liver, bladder and every part of the urinary passage. It corrects inability to hold water and scalding pain in passing it, or bad effects following use of liquor, wine or beer, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to go often during the day, and to get up many times during the night. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine you should have the best. Sold by druggists in 50c. and $1. sizes.

You may have a sample bottle of this wonderful discovery and a book that tells more about it, both sent absolutely free by mail. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper.



Home of Swamp-Root.

The Blind Man Knew.

Fr. Joseph Stadelman of the Jesuit foundation of St. Francis Xavier, in West Sixteenth street, devotes himself to work among the blind and the deaf and dumb, says the New York Times. He says that, contrary to the general impression, the blind are peculiarly happy and fond of jokes.

Illustrative of this, not long since a blind acquaintance of his, whose remaining senses, like that of all blind, are exceptionally keen, was in a room where there were some lady visitors. Finally one of the ladies left.

"What remarkably white and perfect teeth that lady has!" laughingly remarked the blind man.

"Why, how do you know?" asked Fr. Stadelman.

"Because for the last half hour she has done nothing but laugh."

Prisoners Well Looked After.

At the present day the heroic escape from prison on the grand scale, or the escape that depends on tools of any sort, is very rarely possible. Prisoners are no longer left unvisited in their cells; cells are constantly overhauled, walls, floors and ceilings sounded, gratings examined, and the search system would render it difficult for a prisoner to carry in with him the very smallest file or gimlet. In English prison workshops they have an ingenious way of keeping an eye and check on the tools in use. The tools are hung on large black boards and the form of every tool is painted white on the place on the board to which it belongs; the prisoner who attempts a theft is accordingly betrayed at once by the telltale outline which shows that some instrument is missing.

Her Idea of the Court.

A judge's little daughter, who had attended her father's court for the first time, was very much interested in the proceedings. After her return home she told her mother: "Papa made a speech and several other men made speeches to twelve men who sat all together, and then these twelve men were put in a dark chamber to be developed."

Some Notable Gold Nuggets.

The "Welcome Nugget" of gold found in Ballarat in 1858 weighed 2,019 ounces and was worth $42,000. The "Victoria Nugget," a magnificent mass of virgin gold weighing 840 ounces, was found at the Bendigo mines in 1852. In ten years, from May, 1851, to May, 1861, $480,000,000 of gold was taken from New South Wales and Victoria to England.

Constipation

Does your head ache? Pain back of your eyes? Bad taste in your mouth? It's your liver! Ayer's Pills are liver pills. They cure constipation, headache, dyspepsia.

25c. All druggists.

Want your moustache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Then use BUCKINGHAM'S DYE for the Whiskers
50 CTS. OF DRUGGISTS, OR R. P. HALL & CO., NASHUA, N.H.

G. R. LYON & SONS.

Millinery

We invite you this week to a special display of Children's Hats—many new styles and ideas—in little straw sailors, mull hats, school hats, large and small Leghorns, lace braid hats and fancy chiffon hats, and other. Women's trimmed hats ready-to-wear and all things pertaining to Millinery

Art Gallery

The picture display on the second floor—in the new room—is larger and more complete than last year's exhibit. Over 250 pictures, all framed, ready to hang, at prices from $8.50 down to 25c and 10c each

Shoes

The Shoe department is now in its glory. Come and see the new things for summer wear. "Queen Quality" shoes for women at $3.00 pair; Oxfords at $2.50. "Our Special" shoe for women at $2.00 per pair; Oxfords at $2.00 and $1.50. Our display of Children's Shoes is the most complete and largest in town. "Our Special" $2. for working men is the best money can buy

Corsets

Our steadily increasing corset trade is due largely to the endorsement of the women who have worn them, and on account of our large comple line of sizes always on hand. We show seventeen differnt styles of corsets at $1.00, and others at 50c, $1 50, $2.00, $2.25, and $2.50 We sell the Royal Worcester, Dowager, Ferris, G. D., and Kabo Corsets.

Carpets

We show today a large line of all wool, part wool and cotton ingrain carpets, from 65c to 25c per yard. Also some rich and handsome designs in Velvet and Brussels carpets and Art Square Rugs in Brussels, Ingrain and Granite designs. The line of colors and the assortment is very complete.

Matting

After selecting the quality desired, the most important thing is the color effect. We show the pretty effects in the new harmonious and reliable blues, reds and greens, and good plain straws. The prices range from 38c to 18c per yard.

Lace Curtains

And Draperies—If good value, unique and artistic design and low price, coupled with the largest assortment ever displayed here, is an inducement, you should visit our curtain department. See the new Ruffled Bobbinets, Nottinghams, Brussels Net, Applique, Corded Nets and the fancy ruffled Swiss and Muslin curtains—$1.00 to $9.00 per pair. Also the ruffled bobbinet, dotted and figured Swiss, Fish Net, Point d'Esprit and Grenadine by the yard—45c to 10c yd

Window Shades

Rods, Poles, and Fixtures. We keep a complete line of colors in the ordinary width window shade. In green we keep the 37-45-48 and 54 inch width shade. We have also arranged with a reliable shade factory to supply promptly, on special order, any color, width and length shade desired. Complete line of large and small Brass Rods, Curtain Poles, and all kinds of Fixtures, including Curtain Stretchers.

G. R. LYON & SONS.
LEADERS OF LOW PRICES
WAUKEGAN, ILLINOIS.

Dr. George Doerbecker,
DENTIST,
Opp. First National Bank,
WAUKEGAN, ILL.
Graduate of Pennsylvania College of Dental Surgery, of Philadelphia.

FLORENCE G. ANDERSON M. D
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON.
Office and Residence, W. J. French house,
Antioch, - Illinois.

D. A. WILLIAMS,
NOTARY PUBLIC.
Office at Williams Bros.' Store, ANTIOCH, ILL.
All Notarial Work promptly and accurately attended to. 27tf

MISS LELIA WILLIAMS,
Graduate of Chicago Musical College, will accept a limited number of pupils
Vocal : or : Piano : Instruction
Antioch, Ill.



SPECTACLES SCIENTIFICALLY FITTED.
J. F. Ingalls & Son,
Jewelers : and : Opticians,
1 2 Genesee St, Waukegan, Ill

FLORIDA Through "Dixie Flyer" Sleeping-Car Lines to Jacksonville, and Chicago to Jacksonville. Route via Nashville, Chattanooga and Atlanta.

T. N. DONNELLY & CO.
Loan and Diamond Brokers
118 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.,
Between Washington and Madison.
DIAMONDS, WATCHES, ALL KINDS JEWELRY at less than cost. At half the price you pay the regular stores. Dec 19 01 y1

JOHN J. McDOUGALL,
Veterinary Surgeon
Antioch, Illinois.

J. C. James, Jr.,
Justice of the Peace.
All Legal Business Promptly Attended to

FIRE INURANCE.
Farm and Village Fire Insurance in Independent companies.
Special Agent Prudential Life Ins. Co.

The Brooke Barlow Investment Co.
has Money To Loan
on good improved farms at 5 per cent interest Inquire
29y1 BANK OF ANTIOCH.

E. F. SHAFFER, M. D.,
Physician and Surgeon,
Gray's Lake, Ill.
Calls promptly attended to 29

F. BAIRSTOW,
MANUFACTURER OF



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MONUMENTS.
CEMETARY
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EVERY
DESCRIPTION.
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126 Genesee St.,
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DR. E. FORD GAVIN,
Graduate St. Luke's Hospital, Chicago.
Surgeon to Lake Co. Hospital, Waukegan.
Surgeon Chicago North-Western R. R. Waukegan
SPECIALIST.
General Surgery Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat
ELECTRICITY OF ALL KINDS.
Special attention devoted to
Chronic Diseases of Men and Women



Spectacles and Eye Glasses
Fitted Accurately at Lowest Prices.
OFFICE IN "THE GABLES"
Hours 8 to 12 a. m., 1 to 6 and 7 to 8 p. m. except Thursday afternoons. Sundays 9 to 12 a. m.
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Consultation Free. Best Chicago References.

HOMER E. JAMISON, M. D.,
Millburn, Illinois.
Office Hours Saturday and Sunday afternoon and evenings. Telephone connection with Lake Villa and Wadsworth.

WILLIAMS BROTHERS.

Hail NEW SPRING GOODS.

Embracing the finest line of styles for SHIRT WAISTS,

in such goods as....

New Madras,
Hispania Woven Mercerized Silk,
Zephyr Ginghams, Sateens,
Percales and Prints.

New Dress Goods, including....

Como Batiste, Borderie Vienne,
Celtic Cords, Mille Raye Dimities,
Raye Dentelle's and Flambeaus,
New Black and White Lawns,
Ponge Madras, Skirtings,
Allover tucking Embroideries
and Laces, Beadings,
Galloons in White, Ecrue and the
new Arabian color.

Latest effects in Chiffon Veiling.

Call and see the New Wash Ribbons at only 5c to 10c.

Spring sale of SHOES---

We are now opening spring styles of

the Celebrated **"SELZ" SHOE**

You are probably aware that Selz, Schwab & Co. are the largest makers of shoes in the world. While they make the most they also aim to make the best. We believe they do, therefore we sell them.

On these goods, noted for their superior style, finsh, fit and wearing qualities, we are now making lower prices than the same goods can be bought in this U. S. of America.

We give you here a sample price:

Selz Royal Blue Men's Shoe, 3.50
this same shoe which we sell at $3.50 is sold at the uniform price of $5.00 on State street and thousands of them sold at that price.

Selz Woman's Walking Boots, 1.75
Selz Woman's Vici Kid Shoe, 2.75

The above are only a few of the sample prices which we are making on the full line of these shoes.

We are also closing out some odd lines at very low prices, many of them at 25 per cent of manufacturers cost price.

ANTIOCH DEPARTM'T STORE

THAYER & VICKERS

McCALL BAZAAR PATTERNS May patterns now ready, comprehending all new styles in spring and summer apparel

THE BEST OF SILK --AT-- LOWEST PRICES

UNDEE MUSLINS—A New Department and a full line from 25 cents to $5.00 in price. Call and see the stock.

Summer Dress Goods

Don't buy material for your summer dress goods 'till you have seen the latest novelties on display here. Never before have you had the opportunity to see such goods at home.

Effel Hosiery

A full line of this popular hose, with every pair guaranteed to give satisfaction. Also "Buckskin," "Sampson" and "Sandow," for boys, wear like iron. Prices are right for good goods.

BROKEN LINE OF SHOES

LADIES', MEN'S and CHILDREN'S

AT 50 CENTS ON THE DOLLAR

We must clear them out to make room for other goods.

GROCERY ECONOMY

Sweet Corn	3 cans for 25c
Early June Peas	3 cans for 25c
Good Coffee	7 lbs for $1.00
Soap	8 bars for 25c
Cornstarch	2 packages 10c
3 grades of uncolored Japan Tea	40, 50 and 60 cents
Oolong and Breafast Tea	60c

WORKMAN'S CLOTHING

Consisting of Jackets, Shirts, Overalls, Gloves and Hats.

Full line of Men's Socks, four pair for 25 cents

Heavy working Suspenders, per pair 35 cents

After the Savings.

"They try all kinds of dodges on you in a boarding house," said the man who had had fifteen years' experience, "and it is seldom you can find a landlady who hasn't a card up her sleeve. My present one has good rooms and a good table, but at the beginning of winter she began turning the gas off in the daytime. I happened to want to use it one day to heat my shaving water, and a little later I spoke to her about it.

"'Mrs. Tompkins,' I said, 'I see you have the gas turned off in the daytime?'

"'Yes, sir,' she replied.

"'I have been figuring it out, and do you know how much you save per month by the move?'

"'I can't say.'

"'You save just one cent a month.'

"'Do I? Well, then, I shall surely turn it off every day for the next year and save a whole shilling.'"

Buggies and Farm Implements — Tin Shop in Connection

C. G. NELSON

DEALER IN

Hardware, Stoves, Glass, Cutlery,

WIRE, NAILS, AND SPORTING GOODS.

Tin and Sheet-Iron Ware, Cordage, Farmers' and Mechanics' Tools, Lead, Oil, Paints, Colors and Brushes.

Lake Villa, - - Illinois

HILL'S

Drugs,
Druggists Sundries,
New Stationery,
Choice Confectionary
Paints, Oils,
Wall Paper

Drug Store

USE **A-B** Stove Polish
WORLD'S BEST
LIQUID AND DRY
Ayling Bros. 14 Haddon Av. Chicago

THE TROTTING STALLION,

Victor Bristol

Victor Bristol is a dark bay stallion five years old, 16 1-2 hands high; weight in good flesh, 1200 lbs. He is a pure gaited trotter and shows good action. He comes from one of the greatest speed producing families.

Victor Bristol is sire by Royalist 2:42, the sire of many with records from 2:14 to 2:20. He is sired by Swigert, and his dam was Bay Fanny, the dam of several with records from 2:20 to 2:30. Victor Bristol's dam was Birdie Bristol, sired by Bristol. Bristol was by Green's Bashaw. Birdie Bristol's dam was the great race and road mare owned by W. H. Miller, of Chicago; she trotted second in a three-year-old in Washington Park in 2:31, and showed more speed, but was thrown out of training immediately afterward through an accident.

Victor Bristol will make the season of 1902 at my place, 1 mile west of Rosecrans and 2 1-2 miles east of Hickory.

Terms—$5 to insure a live colt. An inspection of the horse is earnestly solicited. I will be pleased to show his stock.

LEROY J. SLOCUM,
Rosecrans Ill.

J. C. JAMES, JR.,
UNDERTAKER.
Licensed Embalmer

SULPHOGEN RELIEVES all Stomach and Bowel Troubles

by destroying the germs that cause fermentation. If you have Dyspepsia, Gastritis, Colic, Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Palpitation of the Heart or Eruptions of the Skin, ask your druggist for Sulphogen or send us $1.00 for 12 oz. bottle guaranteed to relieve, sent prepaid. Descriptive book free.

Sulphogen Chemical Co., 1874 Olive St., St. Louis, Mo.



I have had occasion to use your Black-Draught Stock and Poultry Medicine and am pleased to say that I never used anything for stock that gave half as good satisfaction. I heartily recommend it to all owners of stock.
J. B. BELSHER, St. Louis, Mo.

Sick stock or poultry should not eat cheap stock food any more than sick persons should expect to be cured by food. When your stock and poultry are sick give them medicine. Don't stuff them with worthless stock foods. Unload the bowels and stir up the torpid liver and the animal will be cured, if it be possible to cure it. Black-Draught Stock and Poultry Medicine unloads the bowels and stirs up the torpid liver. It cures every malady of stock if taken in time. Secure a 25-cent can of Black-Draught Stock and Poultry Medicine and it will pay for itself ten times over. Horses work better. Cows give more milk. Hogs gain flesh. And hens lay more eggs. It solves the problem of making as much blood, flesh and energy as possible out of the smallest amount of food consumed. Buy a can from your dealer.

We promptly obtain U. S. and Foreign
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WASHINGTON, D. C.

ADJOINING TOWNS

From our Staff of Able Correspondents.

GRAYSLAKE, ILL.

A. D. Buel visited relatives at Burlington over Sunday.

Mrs. T. E. Stevens visited in Chicago the first of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. C. R. Sherwood, of Libertyville, visited E. J. Higley and family over Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Ruben Miller, of Lake Bluff, visited the family of Mr. Whitehead the last of the week.

Mr. Peck and family have moved into one of Mr. Robinson's new residences east of the W. C. R. R.

Mrs. J. Wicks, Mabel and Louie Wicks, and Mr. and Mrs. B. Johnson were among the Chicago visitors this week.

Mr. Robinson intends building a barn 28-40 on his property east of the track and will rent it for a storage room.

Mrs. J. R. Kingsley and Mrs. L. Simpson, of Lake Villa, and Mr. and Mrs. F. Simpson and daughter, of Chicago, visited Mrs. F. Shepardson on Wednesday.

The Odd Fellows and Rebekah anniversary services held here at the church Sunday afternoon was largely attended, many from Antioch and Wauconda being present. W. R. Humphrey, was the speaker, assisted by Rev. Stevens.

Mizpah Camp, R. N. of A., has secured the services of Major R. H. Hendershot and son, J. C. Hendershot, of Chicago, to give an entertainment in Woodman hall Monday evening, May 5th. Besides selections on the drum and fife, there will be recitations by the Major and son, the ladies' quartette and male quartette will sing several selections, and the very best talent in this vicinity has been procured to recite etc. The program will be a good one. Admission 25 cents for adults, 15 cents for children under 12 years. Everybody welcome.

LAKE VILLA.

L. W. Rowling was on the sick list last week.

Mrs. C. B. Hamlin visited near Gurnee last week.

We are glad to report that Mrs. Chas. Darby is on the gain.

A baby boy was born to Mr. and Mrs. G. Koeppen one day last week.

John Palmer's house was treated to a fresh coat of paint last week.

Mr. and Mrs. J. J. McDougall, of Antioch, spent Sunday in Lake Villa.

Mrs. Simpson, of Chicago, is visiting with her daughter, Mrs. J. Kingsley.

H. B. Schad and Master Bernard spent a couple of days last week in Waukenan.

John Nader recently set an evergreen hedge on the two sides of his lot which face the street.

J. R. Kingley and wife entertained the latter's brother and family, of Chicago, over Sunday.

Our street lamps do not seem to afford as much light as they should. What seems to be the trouble?

At the school meeting Saturday evening April 19, Chas, Harbaugh was chosen as director for another three years.

The Peddler's Parade, given Monday evening under the auspices of the Epworth League, was a success and about $10 was cleared.

BRISTOL, WIS.

John Hunt started for California, Saturday of last week.

H. B. Gaines was in Chicago on business last Wednesday.

Dick Dixon, of Kenosha, was at home on Monday of this week.

E. Moor, of Kenosha, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Turner and family.

Miss Ethel Jackson, of Rockford, Ill., spent Saturday and Sunday with her parents.

Mr. and Mrs. Edison Raynor and family are spending a few days with Mrs. C. B. Gaines.

Mrs. C. B. Gaines and Miss Cotting attended the W. C. T. U. convention at Kenosha on Tuesday and Wednesday of last week.

TREVOR, WIS.

Mr. Geo. Barhite visited his mother last week.

Mrs. E. Havens is visiting a few days in Chicago.

Miss Belle Crowley, of Chicago visited her neice, Mrs. Wm. Garland last week.

Mrs. T. Graves and daughter visited with Mrs. C. Orvis Monday and Tuesday.

The social at Wm. Evans last Friday evening was not very largely attended on account of the rain.

There will be a ten cent social at W. Bloss's next Friday evening May 2. Every body invited to attend.

Grewsome Bit of History.

Louis XVI. was prodigously fat. The day before his execution, Sanson, the headsman of the republic, took a look at him and was so much in doubt as to the ability of the guillotine to do its duty that he took out the knife and had it newly ground and whetted.

CHANNEL, ILL.

P. W. Folbrick was a Richmond caller on Wednesday.

E. N. Pratt is improving his property by giving his house a coat of paint.

W. Baldwin and son, of Chicago is out looking after his property on Channel.

Mr. and Mrs. John Harm, of Wilmot, transacted business at Antioch Monday.

C. C. Carpenter, of Chicago, spent Sunday with his wife and family at Channel.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Volbricht, of Wilmot were Channel lake callers one day last week.

Mrs. J. Garwood is improving her lawn by plowing and grading, L. A. Garwood is doing the work.

Mr. and Mrs. August Wildhagen, of Twin Lakes spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Mau and family.

Mrs. Emma Volbricht returned Saturday from Huchinson, Minn., where she was called on account of her sister who was dangerously ill, but is somewhat better at the present writing.

There are several calves roaming about the country feeding on lawns, running on gardens and other peoples property The owner had better look after his stock a little more carefully or he may have quite a bill to pay some day.

FOX LAKE.

Carl Sorenson is moving to this place.

Mr. Glynn and house keeper were Chicago visitors on Monday.

E. F. Galiger and sister Annie were Grayslake visitors Sunday.

The Fox Lake cemetery association will meet with Mrs. E. Brown on Thursday afternoon May 8. Visitors are cordially invited.

The residents of Fort Hill and vicinity will meet at the Fort Hill church on Sunday morning at 10:30 o'clock on May 4, to organize a Sunday School. We hope all will turn out and make a good start.

Holds up a Congressman.

"At the end of the campaigne," writes Champ Clark, Missouri's brilliant congressman, from over work, nervous tention, loss of sleep and constant speaking I had about utterly collapsed. It seemed that all the organs in my body were out of order, but three bottles of Electric Bitters made me all right. It's the best all-around medicine ever sold over the druggist's counter. Over worked and run down men and weak sickly women gain splendid health and vitality from Electric Bitters. Try them. Only 50. Guaranteed by W. T. Hill

Millions in Coal-Tar Colors.

The joint capital of the six largest manufacturers of coal-tar colors in Germany amounts to quite $12,500,000. They employ together about 500 chemists, 350 engineers and other technologists, 1,360 business managers, clerks, travelers, etc., and more than 1,800 workpeople.

Reveals a Great Secret.

It is often asked how such startling cures that puzzle the best physicians, are effected by Dr' King's New Discovery for Consumption. Here is the secret. It cuts out the phlegm and germ infected mucus, and lets the life giving oxygen enrich and vitalize the blood. It heals the inflamed, cough-worn throat and lungs. Hard colds and stubborn coughs soon yield to Dr. King's New Discovery, the most infallible remedy for all throat and lung diseases. Guaranteed bottles 50c. and $1.00. Trial bottles free at W. T. Hill's

Has Church With Him.

A candidate for clerk of Davidson county, Tennessee, promises to pay a church debt of $4,000 if he gets the nomination. The money is deposited as an evidence of good faith, and the congregation is said to be working hard among the voters.

Don't Start Wrong.

Don't start the summer with a lingering cough or cold. We all know what a summer cold is. It's the hardest kind to cure. Often it hangs on through the entire season. Take it in hand right now. A few doses of One Minute Cough Cure will set you right. Sure cure for coughs, colds, croup, grip, bronchitis and all throat and lung troubles. Absolutely safe. Acts at once. Children like it. One Minute Cough Cure is the best cough medecine I ever used says J. H. Bowles, Groveton, N. H. I never found anything else that acted so safely and quickly. W. T. Hill.

Wealthy Negroes.

Seven thousand negroes in the Creek nation own 1,120,000 acres of land. Under any form of government which would permit of improvements being made this land would sell in the open market for an average of $20 an acre. The wealth of these 7,000 negroes can, therefore, be safely estimated at $22,000,000.

Save all bread crumbs and bits. Dry in a slow oven, roll fine, sift through a coarse sieve, put into jars, and they are ready for croquettes, scalloped fish, or meats etc.

Two cannot quarrel when one will not.



THE WOMAN IN GRAY

— BY —

ROBERT ESTES DURAND.

CHAPTER I.

Lorn Abbey lay grand and majestic in the last glinting rays of dying daylight. For two hours I had traversed its ancient corridors, had explored its magnificent grounds. Now I had come to a pause almost solemn, at the foot of a broad staircase leading up to the tower room.

The Abbey had its history—its mystery, as well. It was a remarkable pile, but its recent association with tragic and thrilling events was what made it of closer interest to the townspeople near by, to the country at large. The gloom and horror of a curdling happening were just beginning to fade away. I had been sent down by my uncle, Sir Wilfrid Amory, to look over the place with a view to repurchasing. Now, my mission was executed. I had certain improvements to suggest, various ideas that it would take money to carry out. I was thinking over all this, when I started back amazed.

For the first moment I was aware that some one else besides myself was in the building. It was a woman. She stood at the entrance to the tower room where the great clock was—the ancient timepiece that faced its dial from the artistic front of the great hall. I could see her hands against the clock works. There was a whirr. Then she came down the stairs. Calmly, naturally, she met me. I was amazed, startled, perplexed. I looked at her as I had never looked at any woman in my life before. She was very beautiful, surprisingly beautiful, with a strange, unearthly loveliness which might have belonged to Undine.

She was as slim as she was tall, and, as she stood fearlessly answering my gaze, she swayed a little, like a lily in the wind. Her face was pale and pure as the rich petals of a magnolia. Its only color lay in the lips, which gleamed out from the whiteness of her skin, moist and crimson as carnations after rain, and the long, dark arch of the brows and the lashes. Her dress was of a light shade of pearl-gray cloth, or serge, made simply in modern fashion. A gray straw hat to match, with two or three soft plumes, I now observed that she held in one hand. It was the hand nearest the window, therefore more distinctly visible than it would otherwise have been, and was so curiously gloved that, even in that moment of bewilderment, I was additionally puzzled.

Though I had been guilty of much staring—as was but natural, perhaps—it had somehow not, on the instant, occurred to me to speak. Drawing the hand with the hat in it quietly out of my sight, the Woman in Gray said:

"I suppose you took me for a ghost?"

Her voice was a sweet, low contralto, of a curiously haunting and penetrating quality.

"For a few minutes, I must confess," I returned, "you certainly had me at a disadvantage."

"And you consider me mysterious?" she went on.

"Even more so than most women."

"Perhaps, if I feel inclined, I shall puzzle you still more. But I am not a tramp, I am not a thief, and I am not a ghost."

"I could scarcely have taken you for either of the former. But may I ask you one question, even though you may intend to remain a mystery? Did you wind the clock just now?"

"I did."

"With any particular object?"

"Naturally. But that I am not bound to explain."

"Perhaps I can guess it," I said, fascinated by her beauty, her unexpectedness, her odd yet dainty manner, into forgetting our gruesome surroundings.

"I am sure you cannot. But I can guess what you would guess. You would fancy I had wound the clock out of pure mischief—a freak rather youthful for my years—for the sake of surprising and startling the superstitious villagers who haven't heard it strike for many years, perhaps."

"I confess something of the sort was in my mind."

She went down the steps, and I followed, with a subtle fragrance of an unknown flower wafted back to me from her hair and from her draperies. Some strange and indefinable magnetism seemed borne from her personality to me—an electricity which thrilled and startled me.

"You came here," she said, "to look over the house?"

"Yes," I answered; "but it is so dark that——"

"You would fain leave it to the ghosts. You will come again to-morrow morning, then?"

"Yes, it will be better. I shall stay at the inn in the village to-night."

"Ah!"—it was a breath rather than an exclamation—"you will stay at the inn. I, too, am at the inn. I would be glad if we might walk there together, if you have no objection."

"If I dared——" I began, but she cut me short in a matter-of-fact manner assumed for the occasion.

"Would you be very much astonished," she asked abruptly, "if I told you that I was a mind reader?"

"My power of being astonished has been slightly numbed for the present," I returned.

"That is all the better; it saves trouble. Well, then, I read your mind. I see why you have come to the 'House of Fear,' and I can tell you your name. Do you believe that?"

I laughed courteously, evasively. And by this time we had reached the front door, which I had left open when I entered.

"Your name is Terence Darkmore."

After all, I could still be astonished. My thoughts traveled to the village inn; but I had not told my name there, and so far as I was aware, no one knew me in the neighborhood.

"When you are not at your uncle's place in Essex, you are with him in London, at Portman square. I can even tell you the number. But now you see that I know you. I know that you are a gentleman, and that I can safely ask a favor of you."

"A hundred," I murmured, staring at her half dazed.

"One will be enough—for the moment. There is a grave somewhere near the house, that I must find before I return to the village. Will you go with me?"

"A grave," I echoed vaguely.

"Yes; on the Abbey land. I hope that won't put you off buying the place?"

I murmured something, and added that I should feel she had paid me an honor in allowing me to be her companion. But as guiding her——

"I know you cannot do that," she said. "I ought to be able to find the spot. Not that I have ever seen it before, you know, but I have been told. And—here is a little plan of the house and grounds which may help me, I hope."

It must now have been nearly 6 o'clock, and, as the last day of October was approaching, the twilight had already deepened almost to darkness. We could still easily see our way before us—the distant river lying like a sheet of steel, the low wooded hills in the far background—but I thought it would be difficult to decipher any details set forth on the small, slightly yellowed bit of paper which the Woman in Gray took from the bosom of her dress.

"Have you matches?" she inquired suddenly.

I drew a silver box from my pocket and struck a wax vesta. The little circle of yellow light fell on the paper the girl held, and over the delicate white hands which grasped its edges.

I could not keep my eyes from the left hand, with the singular covering. It was ungloved, in the conventional sense of the world, but a set of thin gold rings, fastened together by the slenderest of chains, had been drawn over the four fingers, and even the thumb, while across the back of the hand lay a close netting formed entirely of small pearls. This was again attached at the wrist to a narrow, closely fitting bracelet of plain gold.

Never before had I seen so peculiar an ornament for a woman's hand, and I did not now admire it. It was too bizarre, too conspicuous, without being artistic. As I stared at the thing she looked up suddenly, and I thought that a quick frown passed over her lovely face.

"Were you looking at my map?" she said lightly. And yet there was a concealed anxiety in her tone.

"No; I——"

She folded up the paper and thrust it back into her dress.

"There are some rather interesting features in that little plan," she went on; "extremely interesting to any member of the Amory family—at least, so I should think. You had better put out your match. I don't need it any longer, thanks, and you will burn your fingers. I believe that I can find what I want at last. We shall come to the Abbot's Walk presently."

"But I thought you had never been here before," I caught her up quickly.

"I did not say that. I told you I had never seen the grave I am seeking. I have been here—as a child."

"The Abbot's Walk," I repeated reflectively. "Here it must have been, then, or somewhere close by, that the mutinous monks pushed the poor old chap in after the treasure that he had sunk in a bag under the stagnant water. I heard the story to-day, and how neither the body nor the treasure was ever found. I think, if I come here to live, I must have a look for them." And I laughed.

"I wouldn't waste any time, if I were you," she said. "If you are coming to live here, you may be able to make much better use of it, if the story that your face tells be not another proof that appearances are deceiving."

"What does my face tell?" I asked.

"That you are a man who thinks. What will you do for me if I give you a clew?"

"A clew to the use I am to make of my time?"

"Ah, I was right! You do think, and quickly. Yes; that was what I meant. I hold the end of the skein."

She was looking at me through the darkness. Her face and hair gleamed moonlike, her features scarcely distinguishable, save the great, mysterious eyes, which glowed with the deep luster of jewels.

"Who are you?" I cried abruptly. I had not meant to ask the question, but it came, in spite of myself.

"That does not signify." Her laugh rang out girlishly. "But you have not answered my question. What will you give for a clew?"

"Is there something you would have me do for you? If so, I assure you it is unnecessary to offer me a bribe."

"I always like to give good value for what I receive. I do want something in particular of you, though, it is possible that I shall get it without your aid."

"I don't understand you!" I exclaimed.

"How odd it would be if you did! I don't always understand myself. The favor I want of you is to arrange that I shall meet your uncle, Sir Wilfrid Amory."

A vague suspicion of the woman began to mingle with my unutterable bewilderment.

"You wish to meet my uncle. Why?"

"There are so many reasons. Sir Wilfrid is a man whom everybody wants to know. Maybe I am vulgarly ambitious, and have a desire to meet celebrities. Maybe it is because he may come to live in a place in which I am—interested. Maybe I write for the papers, and am anxious to 'interview' him. Of all these 'maybes,' I give you your choice."

"If you would tell me your true reason——" I began; but she cut me short.

"A man of the world asks a woman for her reason! I want to meet Sir Wilfrid, because—I want to meet him. I have asked you a favor—a very simple one."

Her voice was as sweet as a siren's. I promised that she should know my uncle. We had been progressing slowly along the Abbot's Walk, but now she stopped abruptly, and I heard her draw in a breath with a gasp that was almost a sob.

"Over there—is the grave," she whispered, pointing.

My eyes followed the direction of her finger, and I saw the pale gleam of a stone among the grass. It stood up, tall and straight, under a tree—a lonely thing, which spoke of death and desolation.

"Come!" she said.

Mechanically I followed, through the sodden tangle of weeds, until she and I stood together by the side of the mound.

"Will you strike two or three matches, and let them burn in a bunch?" she asked.

I did so, and the flame rose steadily, sheltered in the hollow of my hand. The concentration of light shut the curtain of darkness more closely round us.

"Florence Haynes. Died July 11, 1892. Aged 24."

I read the short epitaph aloud. And the name rang in my memory with the knowledge that I had heard it before—that it had to do with some unpleasant associations which I could not recall. Then suddenly it came back to me, with a sense of irritation, that I should have bared my head for a moment beside the grave of a creature so vile.

"Pah!" I exclaimed, not endeavoring to conceal my disgust. "It is monstrous that this woman's body should have been put here. She ought to be lying in a prison burying ground."

"Ought she?" asked my strange companion in a new and childlike way, looking up at me from her knees, while my matches burned out. "Tell me about her, will you?"

"Don't you know?" I asked, suspiciously. "This woman, Florence Haynes, was a murderess. The story began twenty-odd years ago, with an old woman who had once been a servant in this very house. When she unexpectedly received a legacy from a relative in Australia she chose to sink a good many thousand pounds of her money in buying Lorn Abbey, which had just at that time been offered for sale. It seems that poor old Hannah Haynes, who made no friends, had attempted to lighten the loneliness of her life by taking to live with her a boy, who was the son of her dead husband by a former wife, and a little girl, much younger, whose parentage nobody knew, though she went by the name of Florence Haynes. This child was sent to school until some exhibition of temper caused her to be expelled, and she grew up with no other companion than her benefactor's stepson, who was a gentle, kindly and handsome youth.

"Hannah Haynes herself was said to be a hard woman to live with, and there were constant quarrels between her and her adopted daughter, Florence. Sometimes she would make a will, leaving all her money to the young man, whose name I forget; and then she would destroy it, having drawn another up in favor of Florence. One night—it was seven years ago this October—the sole servant in the 'House of Fear' overheard a violent quarrel between Mrs. Haynes and the girl, who was then about 18 years old. The woman threatened to send for her solicitor next morning and have a new will drawn up. The next morning the poor old creature was found murdered in her bed in the clock-tower chamber. She had been strangled, and stabbed as well with one of those long pins which women use for their bonnets. This pin was proved to have been the property of the girl; and a handkerchief marked with her name was found tightly grasped in the woman's hand. Florence Haynes herself was missing, but was discovered afterwards in the boat house, where she had apparently gone, intending to escape by way of the river, but had fainted from loss of blood, for one of her hands had been bitten to the bone. Her story was that she heard a cry for help in the middle of the night, and, recognizing Mrs. Haynes' voice, had run to her room, where it was entirely dark. All was still as some one rushed by her, knocking against her. She caught at him. There was a struggle, and her hand was bitten, when she loosed her hold and rushed after the murderer down the stairs. Through an open window in one of the rooms on the ground floor she followed, seeing a man's figure running before her at a distance, and still trying to follow, she fell and fainted in the boat house.

"But the story was an unlikely one, and evidence was very strong against her. The two women had quarreled. The money was to pass away from her on the next day. That night had been her last chance, and she was forced to admit that she had gone, only a few days before the murder, to London, at Mrs. Haynes' request, to draw out by check nearly all the money which had lain in the London and North Western Bank. The reason given for this act by Mrs. Haynes had been a rumor of a financial panic. Florence confessed to having brought home the money in a bag, all in notes, but swore that she had no idea where Mrs. Haynes had put it for safe keeping. It was supposed, however, that she did know, and had managed to secrete the money somewhere, as, though search was made in every hole and cranny about the house it was never found."

"Did no one suspect the stepson?" questioned the Woman in Gray.

"Inquiries were made, but no possible suspicion seemed to attach to him. He had been away in London for three or four days before the murder, looking for employment. He did not know that the money had been taken from the bank. He had some little private means of his own, while the girl had nothing except what her benefactress might have chosen to leave her. She was condemned to death, but through the efforts of Gordon, the Queen's Counsel, who defended her, a great agitation was got up in her favor. Much stress was laid upon her youth and the fact that the evidence was entirely circumstantial. My uncle, who was Home Secretary at the time, finally commuted the sentence to imprisonment for life."

"Worse than death!" cried my companion. "Might it not have been within his power to be more lenient with so young a girl if he had chosen?"

"Probably. But he believed her guilty. He considered that she had received mercy enough. The murderess, therefore, remained in Woking prison, and would have been there still had she not died a couple of years ago and escaped the greater part of her sentence; Lorn Abbey, which had been left to her, thus falling into young Haynes' hands."

"Five years in prison! Five years of a living death! How thankful that poor creature must have been to die! If I were Sir Wilfrid Amory, I don't think I should like to remember my responsibility for so much suffering when I lie awake in the dark at night."

"I don't fancy my uncle has any qualms of conscience in regard to the affair," I returned.

"Ugh!" she ejaculated, rising. "I wish I had not asked you to tell me the story. It has made me cold—cold and sick at heart. I have done with this place of death. At the inn there will be lights and fire, and dinner, and dry shoes. Shall we go? Come! I invite you to dine with me—I mean, of course, with us."

(To be continued.)

LARGEST DREDGE IN WORLD.

Big Dipper Will Scoop Up Thirteen Tons of Material at One Time.

On the 1st day of June next the Polson Iron and Shipbuilding works at Toronto will deliver to J. Poupore, a Montreal contractor, the largest dipper dredge in the world. It will cost $02,000 to build.

The title dipper dredge, by which it is known, is hardly fair to the immense machine now under process of construction. It is a big dipper; so big that every time it goes down into the deep thirteen tons of material will be brought to the surface and dropped into the scow beside it. This immense weight of 26,000 pounds will be handled as lightly and easily as if it were a shovelful, instead of eight cubic yards of earth.

This great dipper can reach down into the water and haul up earth from a depth of fifty feet, and its capacity is sixty loads an hour, which, for a day's work of ten hours, mean 15,000,000 pounds.

For a craft doing such an immense amount of lifting it is not long—just ninety-six feet, with a beam of thirty-six feet eight inches and a mean depth of ten feet six inches. The great arm which will control the dipper will be sixty-six feet long, and two steel spuds will run down on each side of the vessel and take firm hold on the bottom while she is lifting. The main hoisting engine has cylinders with a sixteen-inch diameter and an eighteen-inch stroke.

The dredge will carry a crew of twelve easily, says the Buffalo Commercial. It will do its gigantic feats of dipping first in connection with the great works which Mr. Poupore, the purchaser, is constructing for the Government at Maisonneuve and Sorel.

FAIRY TALES FOR CHILDREN.

Publisher Refuses Stories of Dragons or Tragic Themes.

"I am a lover of fairy tales," said a novelist the other day, "and for a long time I have had the desire to do a volume of them. So I visited a publisher recently and submitted to him the plots of ten or eleven stories that would make, I thought, a very charming little book. He disagreed with me.

"One story dwelt with dragons and another with the slaying of an ogre. According to the publisher they would not do for child readers; they would scare the little ones and would cause them to belive in horrid monsters that don't exist. Another was a sad story, and that was impossible because little children should never be made to cry. And so on down through them all, until I couldn't see for the life of me what subjects were left to write about.

"Consider the best fairy tales—Hans Andersen's 'Tin Soldier,' Oscar Wilde's 'Happy Prince' or 'Jack, the Giant Killer,' 'Little Red Riding Hood,' 'Bluebeard,' 'Aladdin,' 'Puss-in-Boots' and so on. Don't they deal with death and woe and slaughter and fear?

"It is all absurd for publishers to issue only namby-pamby stuff for children," said the novelist, according to the Philadelphia Record, "and one result of their foolishness is that good fairy tales are no longer written."

Writing or Drawing Made Easy.

An exceedingly simple device has just been invented whereby writing or drawing is made easier. The complete apparatus consists of a ring, which carries a small steel ball, so placed as to revolve freely in any direction. With the ring on one's little finger so that the little ball is at the point of contact with the paper, almost every bit of friction in the movement of the hand upon the writing or drawing material is removed. Doubtless, the novelists will be the first to take advantage of this easy writing ring, though many of us would prefer that writing be made no easier for them; we have more books written and published than we can hope to read, and the output is constanly increasing.

Not Reassuring.

"Have—have you any reason to believe that your father will exhibit violence when I ask him for your hand?" inquired the timid youth.

"I have never been present on any of these occasions," replied the lovely girl evasively. "And to tell you the truth, I have never wanted to be present. I suppose I am foolishly sensitive about these things, but I can't help it. I remember that papa took me to a slaughter house when I was a little girl and I dreamed about it every night for months afterward."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Short and Sweet.

He—I love you, Ethel; do you love me?

Ethel (after thinking, not too long)—Well, suppose we say 'Yes?"—New York Times.

All Days Alike.

The Maid—Do you think it's unlucky to get married on Friday?

The Bachelor—Of course. Why should Friday be an exception?—Judge.

Some men have a mania for doing nothing—and doing it assiduously.

MENTIONED AS AMBASSADOR WHITE'S SUCCESSOR.

The rumor that Dr. Andrew D. White would retire soon from the ambassadorship to Germany has brought again into prominence the name of Dr. David Jayne Hill, Assistant Secretary of State, who is mentioned as Ambassador White's probable successor. In the entire list of American diplomatists no name stands out more clearly as a trained, tactful expert in statecraft than that of Dr. Hill. Having a special bent for international law, Dr. Hill in 1896 resigned the presidency of Rochester University, to which he had been elected at the age of 29, to pursue his studies of international law and the public law in Europe. Two years later President McKinley appointed him Assistant Secretary of State, and he has remained at that important post of duty to the present time.



DR. D. J. HILL.

Dr. Hill is a finished social as well as political diplomatist. He won added laurels by his management of the tour of Prince Henry of Prussia in the United States. He managed the commission to the peace conference at The Hague, the first Philippine commission, and the recent Pan-American Congress in Mexico. For these he prepared the instructions to the delegates and had the oversight of all negotiations. Questions of tariff and trade relations will bring into play Dr. Hill's thorough knowledge of political economy and finance. He combines not only the qualities of an earnest diplomat, an industrious, painstaking and thoroughgoing officer of the government, but he is a man of charming social qualities, which are so necessary in successful diplomatic relations.

In social functions Dr. Hill is ably assisted by Mrs. Hill. In social Washington her Tuesday afternoon receptions have long been brilliant social events. Mrs. Hill speaks German, French and Spanish with the same ease as she converses in her native tongue.

BLIZZARDS FOLLOW THE HEAT.

Tornadoes and Rain Also Sweep the West, Carrying Death.

Death and devastation followed the path of the record-breaking hot wave that swept over the middle West. The elements seemed to be vying to produce conditions such as April had never experienced. There was a tornado in Wisconsin that wrecked scores of barns, bringing death to one man and fatally injuring a girl whom the wind carried several rods through the air and lauded against a fence.

While torrential rains were flooding Wisconsin and portions of Illinois and Indiana, a blizzard was sweeping over the Dakotas, tying up freight trains and seriously hampering passenger traffic.

The Black Hills reported a two-foot fall of snow, while North Dakota shivered under a white covering a foot in depth. Western Nebraska and the cattle ranges of Montana and Wyoming also experienced a genuine blizzard, the howling wind filling cuts and ravines with deep snowdrifts.

All over the great lakes the wind blew a gale, causing untold damage to early shipping. Many steamers and schooners were blown ashore at ports of Lake Superior, while in Lake Erie the wind piled up the ice in such great banks that ships were unable to cut a way through.

The broad wake of the hot wave through the middle West was a turmoil and confusion, a raging of all kinds and sizes of weather. The irruption of the cold wave from the Rockies produced varieties of storm in every different section. They were all local, however violent, and in the next county perhaps the phenomena were different.

Wisconsin seemed the chosen sporting ground of the storm. A tornado passed through the village of Hebron, killing Gilbert Reed, a hired man, and six head of cattle, and blowing down two barns. The wind flattened the tombstones in the cemetery at Johnson's Creek, in Jefferson County, and picked up a child, hurling it against a fence. At New Richmond Arthur Roetger, 14 years old, was killed by lightning.

Northern and northwestern Nebraska shared in the Dakota blizzard. At Chadron there was a foot of snow on the level, and the storm is classed as more disastrous for cattle than any of the winter. Fifteen inches of snow are reported from Custer and two feet at Spearfish.

Crops suffered in various States by reason of the floods and sudden changes from intense heat to freezing cold. Generally, however, the weather bureau experts reported that the benefit derived from the rains was greater than the damage to crops. Kansas particularly rejoiced in the general rains that fell. The rainfall was not sufficient to soak the ground, but it gave new life to the growing crops that had been threatened by drouth.

PHILIPPINE TRADE GROWING.

Increase Shown in Imports and Exports for the Year 1901.

The insular division of the War Department has prepared for publication a bulletin showing in comparative form the commerce of the Philippine Islands for the twelve months of the calendar years 1901 and 1900.

The total value of merchandise imported during the calendar year 1901 was $30,102,471, against $24,863,779 for the corresponding period of 1900. The exports of merchandise during the calendar year 1901 amounted to $24,503,353, against $22,090,373 for the same period of 1900. These figures show an increase of 21 per cent in the imports and 7 per cent in the exports.

The value of merchandise coming from the United States for the calendar year 1901 was $3,534,235, an increase of $1,381,057 over the corresponding period of 1900; while the exports for the period of 1901 amounted to $4,540,202, an increase of $1,385,441.

Barney Dickens, the 10-year-old son of an Eureka Springs, Ark., Alderman, was drowned while fishing in White river.

Dr. O. S. Burnett, Chicago, convicted of murdering Mrs. Charlotte Nichols, was denied a new trial.

PULSE OF THE PRESS

The railway merger comes up smiling and is all ready for the next collision.—Washington Post.

The English House of Commons saw the United States Senate and "went one better."—Buffalo News.

Kitchener is still hemming in the Boers, but his work isn't guaranteed not to rip.—Detroit Tribune.

The Belgian government has adopted the customary nothing-to-arbitrate policy.—Detroit Free Press.

If Gen. Funston fights as recklessly as he talks, the insurrection must certainly be over.—Detroit Free Press.

The next time Mr. Neely wishes to rob Cuba maybe he will know enough to incorporate.—Detroit Free Press.

Cuba has gained at least one blessed liberty in the privilege of sending official plunderers to jail.—Detroit News.

The butchers apparently have no doubt of the existence of a beef trust. They ought to know.—Philadelphia Record.

A man spends four hours and a half over a poker game, but grudges five minutes at the dinner table.—San Francisco Bulletin.

But who is to command the troops in the Philippines, while the officers charged with cruelty are being court-martialed?—Detroit News.

And what makes you ten times madder is that the beef gets tougher in the same proportion that the price does.—Detroit Free Press.

It is hard to convince the average American community that a pretty girl can really be guilty of premeditated murder.—Buffalo News.

We suspect that Gen. Freddie Funston needs an occasional reminder of the frog that tried to swell up as big as an ox.—Detroit Free Press.

There is no question that the trusts are here to stay, the doubt is as to whether they are going to let the rest of us stay.—Detroit News.

Miss Stone's announced intention to repay the ransom money to the donors is the most creditable incident of the whole affair.—Buffalo News.

A good many of the stories told about Cecil Rhodes were told about Napoleon and Bismarck, too; but they're good stories.—Detroit Free Press.

It is encouraging to see how many men there are ready to do anything in the world for their city or country—for a consideration.—Buffalo News.

Perhaps the President could make more headway in the Cuban case by furnishing Congress with a definition of the word duty.—Detroit News.

If Susan B. Anthony wants to be on the level with man she should go to the District of Columbia. There is no franchise there.—Salt Lake Telegram.

Just forty-one years ago the eyes of the world were on Charleston, S. C., but not because of a visit of the President of the United States.—Buffalo News.

If the price of meat shall continue to advance we shall soon read that among the wedding presents was a five-pound beef roast from the millionaire father of the bride.—Philadelphia Record.

An Iowa minister's wife has left him and obtained a divorce because she could not stand the way in which his parishioners criticised her for everything she did or left undone.—Buffalo News.

It is to be feared that the $35,000 offered Miss Stone for six magazine articles will not be used to reimburse the persons who made donations to the ransom fund.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

It is a curious fact that when a bank clerk on a small salary lives openly beyond his salary, the fact only rouses suspicion after he has decamped, leaving his accounts short.—New York Evening Sun.

This scheme of the United States steel corporation to raise more money, and by the same process materially decrease the amount of its annual interest and dividend charges, looks like the achievement of hitherto impossible task of lifting one's self by one's own bootstraps.—Boston Herald.

A lot of women kissed Jan Kubelek, the boy fiddler, in Brooklyn. And a lot more struggled and fought in vain to do so. Hysterical females of this sort ought not to go to musical performances unless accompanied by male relations who are prepared to keep them from making fools of themselves.—New York Evening Sun.

Miss Stone is not certain that she will lecture. If she concludes to do so every cent thus earned, she affirms, will be used to repay those who have contributed to her ransom fund. It is quite possible that those who have contributed will be willing to give her a quit claim to their equity in the fund if she will remain quiet.—St. Paul Dispatch.

In Oakland, Cal., a man has just been placed in a padded cell who was so much of a fool that he will serve for a horrible example and a warning. At the insanity hearing it developed that he had consumed at least 73,000 cigarettes in five years, and probably many more. At the time of his incarceration he was smoking sixty cigarettes daily.—Cincinnati Post.

There is something very unheroic and at the same time something very modern in the idea of a real, live, annointed king scorching away from a lot of socialists in an automobile. No doubt Leopold of the Belgians saw the ridiculous side of his adventure. He is credited with a strong sense of humor as well as a pretty taste in the matter of chorus girls.—New York Evening Sun.

There will be no gold lace, pensions or lecture engagements for the New York boy who strapped his invalid father upon his back and rescued him from a burning tenement house. Unofficial heroism doesn't pay dividends.—Washington Post.

It is hard to say whether the illiterate voter or the corrupt political leader is the greatest danger to the republic; but when the two work together for a common end no more serious menace to the public welfare is conceivable in a country where the people are self-governing.—Philadelphia Record.

Health

"For 25 years I have never missed taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla every spring. It cleanses my blood, makes me feel strong, and does me good in every way."—John P. Hodnette, Brooklyn, N.Y.

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Our 1,000-page catalogue will be sent upon receipt of 15 cents. This amount does not even pay the postage, but it is sufficient to show us that you are acting in good faith. Better send for it now. Your neighbors trade with us—why not you also?

Montgomery Ward & Co.

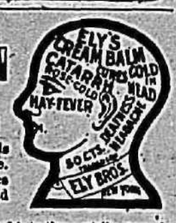
CHICAGO

The house that tells the truth.

Nasal CATARRH

In all its stages,

Ely's Cream Balm



cleanses, soothes and heals the diseased membrane. It cures catarrh and drives away a cold in the head quickly.

Cream Balm is placed into the nostrils, spreads over the membrane and is absorbed. Relief is immediate and a cure follows. It is not drying—does not produce sneezing. Large Size, 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; Trial Size, 10 cents

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York.

A Keen Sense of Smell.

One of the sorrows of childhood is the slowness of some older people to take a hint. It is often quite a strain on good manners to be obliged to re-enforce a suggestion that should have been adequate in itself.

A little girl, calling at a neighbor's house, sat near a plate containing some apple-parings. At last, unable to keep silence any longer, she said, "I smell apples."

"Yes," returned her hostess, "it's those parings."

"No'm," said the little girl, solemnly. "I smell whole apples."

An Honest Man's Opinion.

Vermont, Mo., April 28.—If what Mr. J. S. Tillery of this place says is true—and none who know him doubt his honesty—the new remedy, Dodd's Kidney Pills, is a wonderful medicine indeed. Mr. Tillery says:

"I had Kidney and Liver Trouble for years. I had used many medicines, but could get nothing to cure me.

"I heard of a new remedy called Dodd's Kidney Pills and began a treatment, with the result that I was very soon on the mend.

"I kept on using the pills and am now entirely better. I honestly do believe that they are the greatest remedy the world has ever seen.

"I am always willing to help a good thing, and I cannot say too much for one that helped me so much.

"If I didn't know that Dodd's Kidney Pills would do all that is claimed for them I wouldn't say a word of praise for them."

A Fine Sensation.

"Well, how does it seem to be engaged to such a wealthy girl?"

"Fine! Every time I kiss her I feel as if I were taking the coupon off a government bond."—Life.

Many School Children Are Sickly.

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children, successfully used by Mother Gray, a nurse in Children's Home, New York, break up Colds in 24 hours, cure Feverishness, Headache, Stomach Troubles, Teething Disorders and Destroy Worms. Ten thousand testimonials. THEY NEVER FAIL. At all druggists', 25c. Sample mailed FREE. Address ALLEN S. OLMSTED, Le Roy, New York.

Love without money won't travel as far as money without love.—The Fifth String.

Coughing Leads to Consumption.

Kemp's Balsam will stop the cough at once. Go to your druggist to-day and get a sample bottle free. Sold in 25 and 50-cent bottles. Go at once; delays are dangerous.

Rheumatism's no disease for people who can't swear.—Red Saunders.

ALABASTINE A Durable Wall Coating

NOT A KALSOMINE



"Faugh! Use your nasty decaying kalsomine? No, sir! ALABASTINE is what I asked for and what I want."

Forms a pure and permanent coating and does not require to be taken off to renew from time to time. Is a dry powder, ready for use by mixing with cold water.

TO THOSE BUILDING

We are experts in the treatment of walls. Write and see how helpful we can be, at no cost to you, in getting beautiful and healthful homes.

ALABASTINE COMPANY, Grand Rapids, Mich.

29 YEARS SELLING DIRECT.



No. 2134 Jump Seat Trap. Price, $60. As fine as sells for $10 to $70 more.

We are the largest manufacturers of vehicles and harness in the world selling to consumers, and we have been doing business in this way for 29 years.

WE HAVE NO AGENTS

but ship anywhere for examination, guaranteeing safe delivery. You are out nothing if not satisfied. We make 126 styles of vehicles and 65 styles of harness. Our prices represent the cost of material and making, plus one profit. Our large free catalogue shows complete line. Send for it.



No. 153 Top Buggy has 1 inch Kelly rubber tires and rubber covered steps. Price, $78.00. As good as sells for $40.00 more.

PRATT CARRIAGE & HARNESS COMPANY, ELKHART, IND.

Good enough for anybody!

ALL HAVANA FILLER



"FLORODORA" BANDS are of same value as tags from "STAR," "HORSE SHOE," "SPEARHEAD," "STANDARD NAVY," "OLD PEACH & HONEY" and "J. T." Tobacco.

WORKS BY L. M. ELSHEMUS

Poetical Works—

An unusual volume of poems. Every line has life. Every page contains fragrance. It has called forth great praise from the press. "There is something Homeric in Mr. Elshemus' volume in a 27-page description of a storm."—The Detroit Free Press. Cloth, 12mo., 500 Pages, $2.00.

The Devil's Diary—

A warm book for the warm days. "It is a triumph."—Mexican Herald. Buy it at once and learn for yourself. Cloth, 12mo., 250 Pages, $1.00.

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A fund of fun with an abundance of beauty. This is a story well suited to drive away a gloomy spell. Read it, and you will laugh for days after. It is handsomely illustrated by the versatile author. Cloth, 12mo., 258 Pages, $1.00.

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A great variety of stories; interesting and ably written. Cloth, Illustrated, 12mo., 264 pp., $1.

"Lady" Vere—and Other Narratives.

The only modern verse of its kind. Contents—1 "Lady" Vere; 2, Delorme; 3, Latako; 4, Songs and Sonnets. Cloth, 188 Pages, $1.00.

Any or all of these may be ordered through any bookseller, or will be sent postpaid for the price by THE ABBEY PRESS, Publishers, of 114 Fifth Avenue, New York, with agencies at London, Montreal and elsewhere, who always issue interesting works.

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SLICKERS?

WHY TOWER'S FISH BRAND OF COURSE!



THE STANDARD BRAND OF WATERPROOF OILED CLOTHING YOU HAVE ALWAYS BOUGHT

Made in black or yellow of the best materials and sold with our warrant by reliable dealers everywhere.

A. J. TOWER CO., BOSTON, MASS.
ESTABLISHED 1836.

RECIPES for canning all berries; will not fade in color or remain whole; finest jellies without fruit; 11 years' experience; 2 c. M. E. Robinson, Waukesha, Wis.

Congress.

In the Senate on Wednesday Mr. Rawlins continued his speech opposing the Philippine temporary government bill. He discussed at length the testimony presented to the committee on the Philippines and the reports made by officials to the War Department. He presented many cases of torture of Filipinos, of the burning of towns and of the incarceration of Filipinos, saying it was a war without mercy, uncivilized and without excuse. Messrs. McMillan, Elkins and Berry were appointed conferees on the river and harbor bill and Messrs. Warren, Mason and Teller conferees on the omnibus claims bill. In the House consideration of the Senate amendments to the oleomargarine bill was begun, a special rule for this purpose being adopted by a vote of 152 to 79. By the ruling of the chair the question of further amendment of the Senate propositions was confined within very narrow limits. Slow progress was made. The opponents of the measure, who sought to modify the Senate amendments in various particulars, were outvoted on every proposition submitted.

-:—:-

Just before adjournment of the Senate on Thursday Mr. Rawlins concluded his speech in opposition to the Philippine government bill. As on previous days, he devoted much of his time to consideration of the testimony taken before the Philippine committee, analyzing it in connection with orders issued by the War Department and by general officers in the Philippines. The Senate passed several unobjected measures of minor importance and a large number of private pension bills. Seventy-eight private pension bills were passed, as was one to provide for the purchase of a site and the erection of a public building thereon in Washington to be used for a hall of records and making an appropriation of $1,000,000 for the purpose. In the House the oleomargarine bill was sent to conference after agreeing to the Senate amendments with some modifications suggested by the agricultural committee. The opponents of the measure offered a number of amendments, the principal one of which was designed to place renovated butter on the same footing with oleomargarine, but they were overwhelmingly voted down.

-:—:-

Mr. McCumber, chairman of the committee on manufactures, spoke at length in the Senate on Friday on his bill "to prevent the adulteration, misbranding and imitations of food, beverages, candies, drugs and condiments." He declared the extent of the adulteration and misbranding of food products was appalling. He enumerated many of the frauds in food products which were being foisted upon the public and declared the time had come for Congress to act, as the instances he had cited were crimes against the retail merchant and consumer alike. In the House one hundred and forty-five private pension bills were passed, including bills to pension the widow of Gen. William Ludlow at $50 a month and the widow of "Parson" Brownlow of Tennessee at $30 a month. The remainder of the day was devoted to general debate on the agricultural appropriation bill. Mr. Lessler (N. Y.) discussed the necessity for a new postoffice at New York, Mr. Cochran (Mo.) the trust question and H. C. Smith (Mich.) "good roads." The conference report on the Chinese exclusion bill (a disagreement) was made by Mr. Hitt (Ill.). The House insisted upon its disagreement and the bill was sent back to conference, the same conferees being appointed.

-:—:-

In the Senate on Saturday Mr. Carmack completed the speech on the Philippine government bill which he began the day before. He continued his caustic criticism of the administration's policy. Mr. Jones, chairman of the committee on contingent expenses, reported favorably the resolution providing for an investigation by the committee on relations with Cuba of the alleged control of the Cuban sugar crop and sugar lands in Cuba, and it was adopted. A resolution offered by Mr. Proctor was passed directing the Secretary of War to send the Senate a statement of the number of disappearing gun carriages under contract, a list of the bids for the construction of such carriages, the total cost of the carriages, where they are mounted and where it is proposed to mount those under construction. In the House after devoting an hour to the passage of bills by unanimous consent, public business was suspended, and for the remainder of the afternoon tributes to the memories of Representative Stokes of South Carolina and Representative Crump of Michigan were listened to.

-:—:-

The House amendments to the oleomargarine bill were accepted by the Senate on Monday, thus passing it. The conference report on the Chinese exclusion bill was also adopted. Consideration of the sundry civil appropriation bill was begun, but not concluded. Mr. Simmons spoke at length in opposition to the Philippine government bill. In the House slow progress was made with the agricultural appropriation bill, only twenty-five of the forty-nine pages being disposed of. During the debate Mr. Curtis (Kan.) made a brief but fervent defense of Gen. Funston against the criticism to which he had been subjected. Mr. Feely (Ill.) submitted some remarks in support of the contention that the laws of neutrality were being violated by this government is allowing the shipment of mules and horses to South Africa for use by the British in the war against the Boer republics. Mr. Feely and Mr. Gillett (Mass.) clashed upon the interpretation of that part of the treaty of Washington which binds the United States and Great Britain as to what constitutes war materials. The conference report on the Chinese exclusion bill was agreed to.

Washington Notes.

Labor leaders object to the proposed department of commerce and labor, desiring a bureau of their own.

Second annual automobile show was opened by Gen. Miles. Number of famous machines were on exhibition.

Sir Richard Stewart, of the British army, has arrived in Washington. He is the personal representative of the government of Great Britain, and will remain in the United States for several months for the purpose of making inquiries into the supply of horses for use in the South African war.

A PASTOR'S WIFE

CURED OF PELVIC CATARRH

She Suffered for Years and Felt Her Case Was Hopeless —Cured by Peruna.



Mrs. Anna B. Fleharty.

MRS. ANNA B. FLEHARTY, recent Superintendent of the W. C. T. U. headquarters, at Galesburg, Ill., was for ten years one of the leading women there. Her husband, when living, was first president of the Nebraska Wesleyan University, at Lincoln, Neb.

In a letter written from 401 Sixty-seventh street, W., Chicago, Ill., Mrs. Fleharty says the following in regard to Peruna:

"Having lived a very active life as wife and working partner of a busy minister, my health failed me a few years ago. I lost my husband about the same time, and gradually I seemed to lose health and spirit. My daughter is a confirmed invalid, and we both felt great need of an invigorator.

"One of my neighbors advised me to try Peruna. A bottle was immediately secured and a great change took place in my daughter's as well as in my own health. Our appetites improved very greatly, the digestion seemed much helped, and restful sleep soon improved us, so that we seemed like new women.

"I would not be without Peruna for ten times its cost."—Mrs. Anna B. Fleharty.

What used to be called female diseases by the medical profession is now called pelvic catarrh. It has been found by experience that catarrhal diseases of the pelvic organs are the cause of most cases of female disease.

Dr. Hartman was among the first of America's great physicians to make this discovery. For forty years he has been treating diseases peculiar to women, and long ago he reached the conclusion that a woman entirely free from catarrhal affection of these organs would not be subject to female disease. He therefore began using Peruna for these cases and found it so admirably adapted to their permanent cure that Peruna has now become the most famous remedy for female diseases ever known. Everywhere the women are using it and praising it. Peruna is not a palliative simply; it cures by removing the cause of female disease.

Dr. Hartman has probably cured more women of female ailments than any other living physician. He makes these cures simply by using and recommending Peruna.

Mrs. E. L. Brown, 329 Elliott street, Memphis, Tenn., writes:

"I suffered for several years with headache brought on by nervous prostration. I was also afflicted with insomnia. I would get up in the morning more weary than when I retired and I used to dread the approach of night. Peruna came into my home as a welcome guest, and within three short months I was like another woman. I have now enjoyed perfect health for over a year, and those who have suffered as I did will know how happy I am."—Mrs. E. L. Brown.

Mrs. Esther M. Milner, De Graff, Ohio, writes:

"I was a terrible sufferer from female weakness and had the headache continuously. I was not able to do my housework for myself and husband. I wrote you and described my condition as near as possible. You recommended Peruna. I took four bottles and was completely cured. I think Peruna a wonderful medicine."—Mrs. Esther M. Milner.

Congressman Thad. M. Mahon, of Chambersburg, Pa., writes:

"I take pleasure in commending your Peruna as a substantial tonic and a good catarrh remedy."—T. M. Mahon.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing Catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, price 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

There are few things reason can discover with so much certainty and ease as its own insufficiency.—Jeremy Collier.

Piso's Cure for Consumption cured me of a tenacious and persistent cough.—Wm. H. Harrison, 227 W. 121st street, New York, March 25, 1901.

ALL UP-TO-DATE HOUSEKEEPERS

Use Red Cross Ball Blue. It makes clothes clean and sweet as when new. All grocers.

FITS Permanently Cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE $2.00 trial bottle and treatise. DR. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

RED CROSS BALL BLUE

Should be in every home. Ask your grocer for it. Large 2 oz. package only 5 cents.

Mrs. Winslow's SOOTHING SYRUP for Children teething; softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25 cents a bottle.

CONSTIPATION CAN BE CURED by taking GOOD HEALTH LIVER PILLS. Give them a trial. Sample box 25 cents by mail. Address T. A. WALKER & CO., Massaroneck, New York.

AN INVESTMENT of $50.00 averages 30 per cent. monthly. No chance of loss. Full information sent showing how to make idle capital earn a good income, profits paid semi-monthly. Address Stewart E. Jackson, Downing Bldg., New York.

Modern Woodman Neighbors for a beautiful Membership Record, 20x28, in colors, explanation of pictures. Send 50c; no stamps. Address F. W. HERDER, 4960 Mrffett Avenue, St. Louis, Mo.

Cuticura Resolvent PILLS

CUTICURA RESOLVENT PILLS (Chocolate Coated, 60 doses, 25c.), are a new, tasteless, odourless, economical substitute for the celebrated liquid CUTICURA RESOLVENT, as well as for all other blood purifiers and humour cures. Each pill is equivalent to one teaspoonful of liquid RESOLVENT. Put up in screw-cap pocket vials, containing 60 doses, price, 25c. CUTICURA RESOLVENT PILLS are alterative, antiseptic, tonic, and digestive, and beyond question the purest, sweetest, most successful and economical blood and skin purifiers, humour cures, and tonic-digestives yet compounded.

Complete Treatment $1

Complete external and internal treatment for every humour, consisting of CUTICURA SOAP, 25c., to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales, and soften the thickened cuticle; CUTICURA OINTMENT, 50c., to instantly allay itching, inflammation, and irritation, and soothe and heal; and CUTICURA RESOLVENT PILLS, 25c., to cool and cleanse the blood. A SINGLE SET is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning, and scaly skin, scalp, and blood humours, eczemas, rashes, and irritations, with loss of hair, from infancy to age, when all else fails.

CUTICURA REMEDIES are sold throughout the world. British Depot: 27-28, Charterhouse Sq., London. French Depot: 5 Rue de la Paix, Paris. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston, U. S. A.

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Every farmer his own landlord, no incumbrances, his bank account increasing year by year, land value increasing, stock increasing, splendid climate, excellent schools and churches, low taxation, high prices for cattle and grain, low railway rates, and every possible comfort. This is the condition of the farmer in Western Canada, Province of Manitoba and districts of Assiniboia, Saskatchewan and Alberta. Thousands of Americans are now settled there. Reduced rates on all railways for homeseekers and settlers. New districts are being opened up this year. The new 40-page Atlas of Western Canada sent free to all applicants. Apply to F. Pedley, Supt. of Immigration, Ottawa, Can.; or to C. J. Broughton, 1223 Monadnock Bldg., Chicago, Agent for the Government of Canada.

OUR BOSS OFFER FOR 25 CENTS—worth $1.00. Sir Lady's Gold Stock Pin; 1 Watch Fob; Handy Needle-book, with 6 pkgs. best Needles, Tapers and Darners; 12 sheets Rising Paper dest for the laundry); to any address. WELLS & CO., 97 South Clark Street, Chicago, Ills.

HEALTH AND ALL ITS BLESSINGS

Health will come with all its blessings to those who know the way, and it is mainly a question of right-living, with all the term implies, but the efforts which strengthen the system, the games which refresh and the foods which nourish are important, each in a way, while it is also advantageous to have knowledge of the best methods of promoting freedom from unsanitary conditions. To assist nature, when nature needs assistance, it is all important that the medicinal agents used should be of the best quality and of known value, and the one remedy which acts most beneficially and pleasantly, as a laxative, is—Syrup of Figs—manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co.

With a proper understanding of the fact that many physical ills are of a transient character and yield promptly to the gentle action of Syrup of Figs, gladness and comfort come to the heart, and if one would remove the torpor and strain and congestion attendant upon a constipated condition of the system, take Syrup of Figs and enjoy freedom from the aches and pains, the colds and headaches and the depression due to inactivity of the bowels. In case of any organic trouble it is well to consult a competent physician, but when a laxative is required remember that the most permanently gratifying results will follow personal cooperation with the beneficial effects of Syrup of Figs. It is for sale by all reliable druggists. Price fifty cents per bottle.

The excellence of Syrup of Figs comes from the beneficial effects of the plants used in the combination and also from the method of manufacture which ensures that perfect purity and uniformity of product essential in a perfect family laxative. All the members of the family from the youngest to the most advanced in years may use it whenever a laxative is needed and share alike in its beneficial effects. We do not claim that Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of known value, but it possesses this great advantage over all other laxatives that it acts gently and pleasantly without disturbing natural functions, in any way, as it is free from every objectionable quality or substance. To get its beneficial effects it is always necessary to buy the genuine and the full name of the Co.—California Fig Syrup Co.—is printed on the front of every package.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

San Francisco, Cal.

Louisville, Ky. New York, N. Y.

A Good Reason!

Dyeing Wool, Silk, Cotton, Linen and any other fabric with one and the same package can only be done with **Paul Oppermann's German Household Dyes.**

A reason why these world-famed Dyes are THE BEST and another reason why every wise lady ought to give them a FAIR TRIAL to her own benefit. Ask your dealer or address PAUL OPPERMANN & CO., Milwaukee, Wis., for any desired shade. 10c, 2 for 25c.

SURE MONEY!

We now have ready our explanatory letter relating to PROFITABLE INVESTMENTS. A reliable guide for successful gains. Write and get one FREE.

THEODORE S. MEYER & CO., Bankers and Brokers, 32 Wall Street, New York

FOUNTAIN SYRINGE; 3 quart; 3 hard rubber pieces; retails for $1.75. Prepaid, $1.25 to any address. John Kling Co., 396 Summit Pl., Milwaukee, Wis.

IN writing to Advertisers, please do not fail to mention you saw the Advertisement in this paper.

25 CTS PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS

BANK OF ANTIOCH,

EDWARD BROOK,
BANKER

Buy and Sell Exchange, and do a General Banking Business.

WISCONSIN CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.

GOING NORTH

Lv. Chicago.	Ar. at Antioch
8:35 AM—No. 5, Daily ex Sunday	10:39 AM
1:30 PM—No. 7, Daily ex Sunday	3:18 PM
4:00 PM—N. 13, Daily	6:30 PM

GOING SOUTH

Lv. Antioch.	Ar. Chicago.
7:25 AM—No. 14, Daily	10:30 AM
11:17 AM—No. 8, Daily ex. Sunday	1:05 PM
4:20 PM—No. 6, Daily ex Sunday	6:15 PM
9:08 PM—No. 2, Daily	10:55 PM

W. F. ZIEGLER, Agent, Antioch.

LOTUS CAMP No. 557 M. W. A. meets at 7:30 the first and third Monday evening of every month, in Woodmen hall, Antioch, Illinois. Visiting Neighbors always welcome

W. R. WILLIAMS, V. C.,
C. M. CONFER Clerk.

SEQUOIT LODGE, No. 827, A. F. & A. M., holds regular communications the First and Third Wednesday evenings of every month. Visiting Brethern always welcome.

L. M. HUGHES, Sec. E. L. SIMONS, W. M.

Woman Visits Monastery.

It is said that the monastery of St. Paul was the only one at Mount Athos which has ever been visited by a woman. The wife of a British ambassador landed from her yacht one day on its tiny pier and insisted on entering the church. In consequence the monks, relieving each other by relays, for forty days and nights maintained a continuous service of prayer to purify the church from this contamination.

Like a Drowning Man.

Five years ago a disease the doctors call dyspepsia took such a hold of me that I could scarcely go, writes Geo. S. Marsh, a well known attorney of Nacona, Tex. I took quantities of pepsin and other medicines but nothing helped me. As a drowning man grabs at a straw I grabbed at Kodol. I felt an improvement at once and after a few bottles am sound and well. Kodol is the only medicine which exactly reproduces the natural digestive juices and consequently is the only one which digests any good food and cures any form of stomach trouble. W. T. Hill.

Brake for Steamboats.

A Swede has invented a brake for boats. By extending a shutter from each side of the hull the boat is stopped within half its length.

Health

"For 25 years I have never missed taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla every spring. It cleanses my blood, makes me feel strong, and does me good in every way."—John P. Hodnette, Brooklyn, N.Y.

Pure and rich blood carries new life to every part of the body. You are invigorated, refreshed. You feel anxious to be active. You become strong, steady, courageous. That's what Ayer's Sarsaparilla will do for you.

$1.00 a bottle. All druggists.

Ask your doctor what he thinks of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. He knows all about this grand old family medicine. Follow his advice and we will be satisfied.

J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

Glass House for Invalids.

A glass house to be used as a solarium is being built at the government sanatorium for tuberculosis at Fort Bayard, New Mexico. During the last two years the government has expended about $200,000 on this institution.

Sciatic Rheumatism Cured After Fourteen Years Of Suffering.

I have been afflicted with sciatic rheumatism for fourteen years, says Josh Edgar, of Germantown, Cal. I was able to be around but constantly suffered. I tried everything I could hear of and at last was told to try Chamberlain's Pain Balm, which I did and was immediately relieved and in short time cured, and I am happy to say it has not since returned. Why not use this liniment and get well? It is for sale by W. T. Hill, Antioch, and Grayslake Pharmacy.

Life Averages.

In 300 years the average length of human life has been doubled. In the sixteenth century it was between eighteen and twenty years; at the close of the eighteenth century it was a little over thirty years, and to-day it is over forty years.

What Thin Folks Need.

Is a greater power of digesting and assimilating food. For them Dr. King's New Life Pills work wonders. They tone and regulate the digestive orgaus, gently expell all poisons from the system, enrich the blood, improve appetite, make healthy flesh Only 25c. at W. T. Hill's.

Dangerous If Neglected.

Burns, cuts, and other wounds often fail to heal properly if neglected and become troublesome sores. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve prevents such consequences. Even where delay has aggravated the injury DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve effects a cure. I had a running sore on my leg for thirty years, says H. C. Hartly, Yankeetown, Ind. After using many remedies, I tried DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. A few boxes healed the sore. Cures all skin diseases. Piles yield to it at once. Beware of counterfeits. W. T. Hill.

Other People's Alphabets.

Letters in the alphabets of the different nations vary in number. The Sandwich islanders have 12, the Burmese 18, Italian 23, Bengali 21, Hebrew, Syriac, Chaldee and Samaritan 22 each, Latin 23, Greek 24, German, Dutch and English 26 each, Spanish and Slavonic 27 each, Arabic 28, Persian and Coptic 32, Georgian 35, Armenian 38, Russian 41, old Muscovite 43. Sanskrit and many of the oriental languages have 50 each.

It will be to your advantage to ascertain the rates from Chicago to New York, New England and all eastern points applying over the Nickle Plate Road and its eastern connections. Three daily trains, on which there is no excess fare. One feature of service on that road is meals in dining car on American club plan. Pay for what you get but in no event more than from 35c. to $1.00. Folders rates and all information cheerfully furnished by applying to John Y. Calahan, General Agent, 111 Adams St. Chicago, Ill. Depot. Fifth Ave. and Harrison St. 35w3

Cheap Wine in France.

The vintage of France in 1901 was a record one. Wine merchants in workmen's quarters have affixed notices to their drinking saloons, "Wine, 5 cents an hour." The customer enters and drinks for an hour to his heart's content at this modest figure, but is not allowed to go to sleep. It is said that wine is so plentiful in one department that it has been let run to waste, the necessary quantity of barrels being unprocurable.

Lowest Rates to Eastern Points

Will always apply via the Nickel Plate Road and it's eastern connections to all points in New York, New England and the eastern states. Three daily trains to Ft. Wayne, Findlay, Cleveland, Erie, Buffalo, New York and Boston. Standard equipment on all trains. Meals served in dining cars, on American club plan, at prices to suit passengers, from 35 cents to $1.00 per meal. For particulars call on or address, John Y. Calahan, General Agent, 111 Adams St., Chicago. Depot, Fifth Ave. and Harrison St. 35w3

Attention, Farmers!

Breed to the best for the season of 1902, the prize-winning and prize-producing Clydesdal stallion, Sir David, No. (8929)

Sire, Barney 5002, he by the Darnley horse. Good Hope 1670. Dam, Lady Graham 2240, by Pride of Glasgow 239, Grand dam, Topsy 117 by Wallace 1582, etc. Sir David's dam, Starlight 4842. Grand dam Lady's Maid 2569.

The individual excellencies of this horse, those qualities which go to make up the perfect draft horse have but to be seen to be appreciated. He is a beautiful seal brown with narrow stripe on face. His aristocratic carriage, having a well-shaped breeding like head coupled to a beautifully arched neck, with stylish action, give him a commanding appearance. With an excellent middle, two good ends and strongly muscled all over, and set on legs the best so strongly characteristic of the breed which, particularly on account of the foreign demand—the back bone of the market today—and because as a breeder their individual excellencies are now becoming better known than ever, make them the foremost and without a shadow of doubt the most profitable horse for the farmer to breed today. The superiority of the Clydesdale cross over all draft breeds has been fully demonstrated at all the leading exhibitions of the country and never more emphatically than at the International Exhibitions held at Chicago in 1900, and 1901, where in draft classes for geldings and mares for single all the way through up to six-horse teams, the Clydesdale took first and second premium, leaving only third to Percherons.

TERMS—To insure a live colt $15. Parties disposing of mares before foaling, held responsible for service fee.

For particulars address.

25w4 W. G. THOM, Millburn, Ill.

European Tourists and others destined to eastern points, will find the low rates applying over the Nickle Plate Road to New York, New England and other eastern destinations, specially attractive. The eastern terminals via this line are only from three to ten minutes from all ocean steamship docks, and the service afforded is first class. Three trains daily from Chicago. Uniformed colored porters are in charge of day couches, whose duties require that proper care shall always be given to keeping cars clean and attending to the wants of passengers enroute. Meals served in dining cars at prices that are reasonable and within reach of all. Details cheerfully furnished on application to John Y. Calahan, General Agent, 111 Adams St., Chicago. Chicago City Ticket Office, 111 Adams St. 35w3

Great Scenery in Arizona.

"Talking about scenery," says Chief Justice Street, of the Supreme Court of Arizona, "take my word for it that the only scenery which comes up to local boasting is the Grand Canyon of Arizona. Mother Earth has nowhere else such a stupendous rift in her bosom, and the spectacle of this great chasm is simply superb. The canyon is 217 miles long, thirteen miles wide and one mile deep."

Output of Oleomargarine.

The number of oleomargarine factories in the United States is only twenty-four, but their annual output sells for more than $30,000,000. There go into it 23,000,000 pounds of milk and cream, 33,000,000 pounds of beef fat oleo, 37,000,000 pounds of neutral lard and 11,000,000 pounds of cottonseed oil. The amount of oleomargarine made in the Netherlands is greater, and that made in Germany double that produced in the United States.

Whooping Cough.

A woman who has had experience with this disease, tells how to prevent any dangerous consequence from it. She says: Our three children took whooping-cough last summer, our baby-boy being only three months old, and owing to our giving them Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, they lost none of their plumpness and came out in much better health than other children whose parents did not use this remedy. Our oldest little girl would call lustily for cough syrup between whoops. Jessie Pinkey Hall, Springville, Ala. This remedy is for sale by. W. T. Hill, Antioch, and Grayslake Pharmacy.

Crowds in Westminster Abbey

Sixteen inches of room would seem an inadequate accommodation for each passenger in a street car. Yet this is the space to be allotted in Westminster Abbey to those fortunate 8,000 who will be bidden to attend the coronation.

Stand Like a Stone Wall.

Between your children and the tortures of itching and burning eczema, scaldhead or other skin diseases How? why! by using Bucklen's Arnica Salve, earths greatest healer. Quickest cure for ulcers, fever sores, salt rheum, cuts, burns or bruises. Infallible for Piles. 25c. at W. T. Hill's drug store.

Paris Underground Lines.

The experimental underground electric railway of Paris, which, though but eight and three-quarter miles in length, handles 140,000 fares a day, has been so satisfactory that two important branches will be added to it during the current year.

Wants Others to Know.

I have used DeWitt's Little Early Risers for constipation and torpid liver and they are all right. I am glad to indorse them for I think when we find a good thing we ought to let others know it, writes Alfred Heinze, Quincey, Ill. They never gripe or distress. Sure, safe pills. W. T. Hill.

School Age for Children.

The conviction is gaining ground among writers on hygiene that children should not be sent to school before they are 8 or 9 years old.

Administrator's Sale.

State of Illinois, } ss In the County Court of
Lake County, } Lake County.

Public notice is hereby that by virtue of a decretal order of sale made and entered of record by the County Court of Lake County on the 10th day of April A. D. 1902, in a certain proceeding therein pending, wherein the undersigned, Charles Pullen, Administrator de bonis non with will annexed, of the estate of Alise French, deceased, was petitioner, and Hanna Leworthy, German French, Martha Emmons, Benjamin French, George R. French, John French, Marson French, James French, Alice Kvans, Irving Swarthout, Manley Swarthout, Eva Johnson, H. Bock and A. N. Tiffany were defendants; I, Charles Pullen, administrator de bonis non with will annexed, of the estate of Alise French deceased, will on Monday, the nineteenth (19th) day of May A. D. 1902, at one o'clock in the afternoon of said day at the east door of the Court House, in the city of Waukegan, County of Lake and State of Illinois, sell at public vendue, to the highest and best bidder, all the right, title and interest which said Alise French, by the name of Alice French had at the time of her death, in and to the following described real estate, situated in said Lake County, and more particularly described as follows, to-wit:

Commencing at a stake twenty-two (22) rods north of a stake in the geographical center of the southwest quarter of section eight (8), township forty-six (46), range ten (10) east, and running as follows: North two (2) chains less ten (10) feet and twelve (12) links, thence east two (2) chains, fifty (50) links, to the center of the highway, thence south, twenty (20) degrees east, two (2) chains, thence west one (1) chain and fifty (50) links, thence south thirty (30) links, thence west one (1) chain and thirty (30) links to the place of beginning, containing one half (½) and eight one-hundred sixtieths (8-160) of an acre of land, be the same more or less, excepting and reserving a strip on the north side ten (10) feet wide, deeded to Samuel S. Taylor, also excepting and reserving a strip of land on the south side of said lot sold to Levi J. Simons, November 9, 1869.

Also the following described lot, to-wit: Commencing in the center of Fox River Road at the northwest corner of lands formerly owned by Jeremiah Gage, running thence east along the north line of said Gage lot twenty (20) rods, thence north four (4) rods, thence west twenty (20) rods to the center of said road, thence southerly along the center of said road four (4) rods to the place of beginning, containing one-half (½) acre of land, be it more or less, all of said lands being in section eight (8), township forty-six (46), range ten (10), in the Village of Antioch, and the said property was deeded to the said Alise French under the name of Alice French.

The sale will be made upon the following terms to-wit: Cash, and no deed or deeds will be delivered to the purchaser or purchasers until such sale has been approved by said County Court.

Dated at Waukegan, Ill., April 10, 1902.

CHARLES PULLEN,
Administrator de bonis non with will annexed of the estate of Alise French, deceased.

R. W. COON, Att'y for Administrator. 33w4

AN ORDINANCE

Designating two members of the Board of Trustees of the Village of Antioch, Lake County, Illinois, as members of the Board of Local Improvements.

WHEREAS; There is no ordinance providing for the appointment of a Public Engineer and Superintendent of Streets, and

WHEREAS; It is desired to designate in the manner provided by law, two members of the Board of Trustees as members of the Board of Local Improvements.

Therefore; Be it Ordained by the Board of Trustees of the Village of Antioch, Lake County, Illinois;—

SECTION 1. That James Isbester and Charles Thorn, members of said Village Board, be and they are hereby designated as the two members of the Board of Local Improvements, who with the Village President, until otherwise provided by ordinance, constitute the members of the Board of Local Improvements.

W. S. RINEAR,
President of the Board of Trustees of the Village of Antioch, Lake County, Ill.

Passed April 8, 1902.
Approved April 8, 1902.
Attest: J. C. JAMES, Jr., Village Clerk.

GIANT STRIDES BY A GIANT COMPANY!

Twenty-sixth Annual Statement January 1, 1902.

ASSETS

Bonds and Mortgages	$11,163,737.93
Real Estate	10,075,681.22
R.R. Bonds & Stock (market val)	14,251,857.50
Municipal Bonds (market value)	5,077,992.03
U. S. Gov. Bonds (market value)	112,000.00
Cash in Banks and Office	4,285,411.80
Interest and Rents, due and accr'd	362,020.30
Loans and Collateral Securities	915,000.00
Loans on Policies	728,189.34
Premiums Deferred and in course of collection (net)	1,658,681.21
Total	$48,630 571.33

LIABILITIES.

Reserve on Policies	$41,012766.00
All other Liabilities	753,200.09
Surplus to Policy-holders	6,864,605.24
Total	$48,630,571.33

Life Insurance written and placed during 1901, over	273 Millions
Paid Policy-Holders, in 26 years, over	58 Millions
Assets, end of 1901, over	48 Millions
Income, during 1901, nearly	29 Millions
Paid Policy-Holders, during 1901, over	8 Millions
Surplus, nearly	7 Millions

Policies in Force nearly 4½ Millions, Covering Life Insurance of over $703,000,000, Surrounding with Absolute Protection.

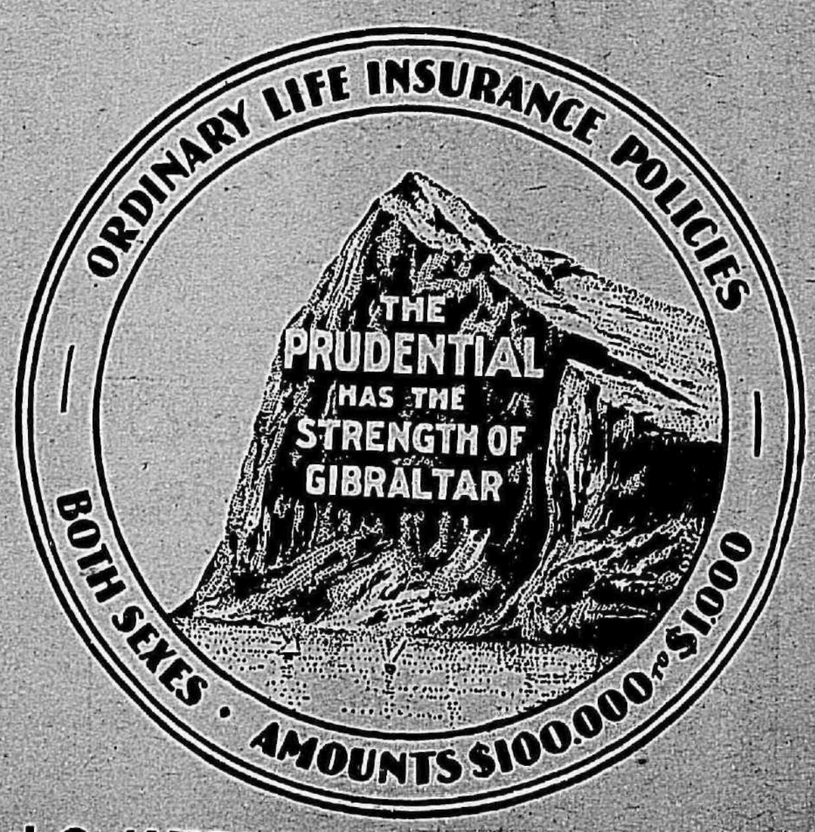
OFFICERS:

JOHN F. DRYDEN, President.

LESLIE D. WARD, Vice President. — EDGAR B. WARD, 2nd V. Pres. and Counsel
FORREST F. DRYDEN, Secretary. — HORACE ALLING, Treasurer
T. C. E. BLANCHARD, Sup. of Real Estate. — JACOB E. WARD, Counsel
WILBUR S. JOHNSON, Comptroller. — F. C. BLANCHARD, Supervisor Loan Dept.
EDWARD H. HAMILL, ROBT. L. BURRAGE, Medical Directors — JOHN K. GORE, Actuary
FREDERIC A. BOYLE, Cashier — EDWARD GRAY, Assistant Sec'y
VALENTINE RIKER, LESLIE P. WARD, Supervisors. — F. H. JOHNSTON, Associate Actuary
W. P. WATSON, Asst. Med. Director

More Than One Million Families

A Progressive Company in which the Safety and Advancement of Its Policy-holders' Interests are the Chief Consideration.



The Prudential

Insurance Company of America

Home Office, Newark, N. J.

JAS. L. FERGUSON, Gen. Agent, Merchants Loan and Trust Building, Chicago.

JAS. M. WOODMAN, Dist. Manager, Waukegan

J. C. JAMES, Jr., Agent, Antioch, Illinois.